



Simulation en cardiologie : retour d'expérience

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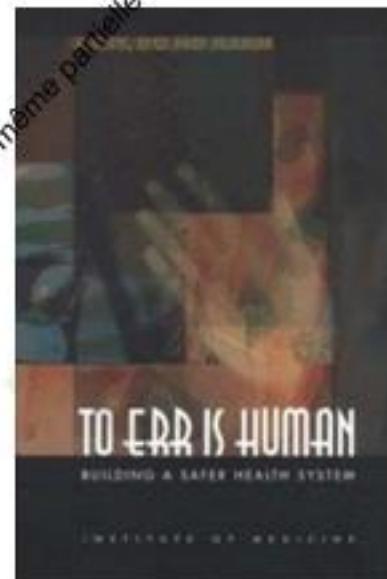
La simulation a de l'avenir.....

Formidable outil pédagogique :
de la formation initiale aux procédures complexes

Gain de temps : plages horaires de travail limitées

Questions éthiques

Institute of medecine (IOM) 1999 :
44000-98000 décès d'origine iatrogénique aux USA



La simulation n'a aucun intérêt ...

quantité de matériels cliniques (patients)

je suis un opérateur expérimenté !

mes cas sont simples et bien choisis

je connais mon matériel !!!

mon équipe et moi avons l'habitude :
pas mal d'intuition , de flair

Perte de temps

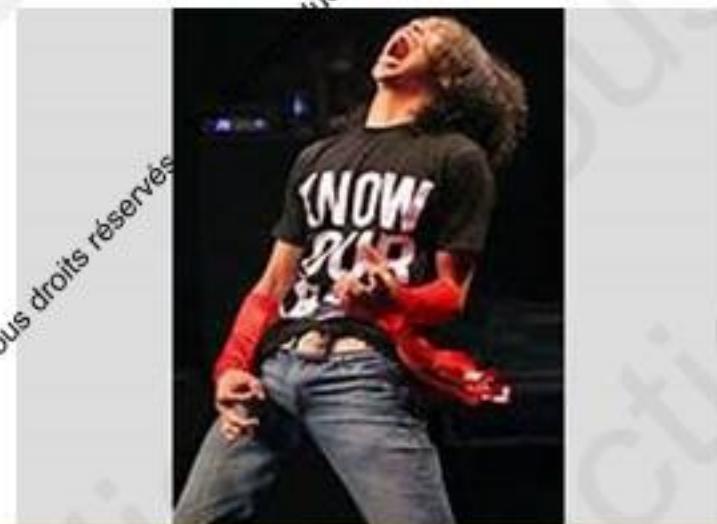
Trop cher



Je connais bien la formation



La réalité virtuelle est partout



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Objectifs de la simulation virtuelle



Formation initiale du cathéteriseur



Formation à de nouvelles techniques
pour praticien confirmé

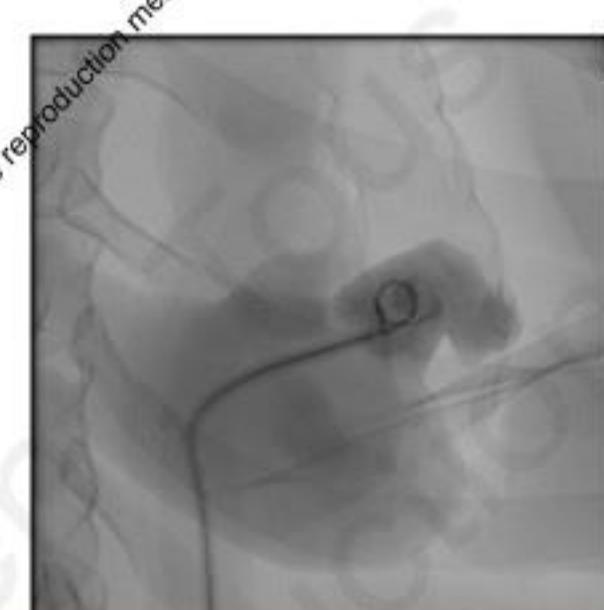
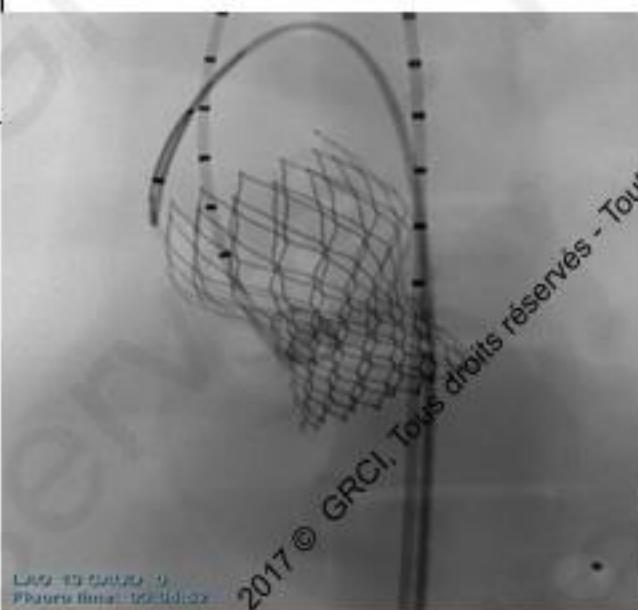
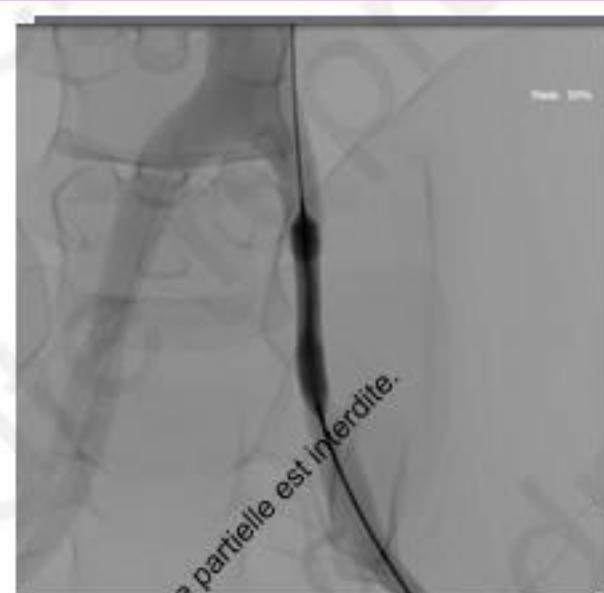


Formation d'une équipe à une
procédure spécifique

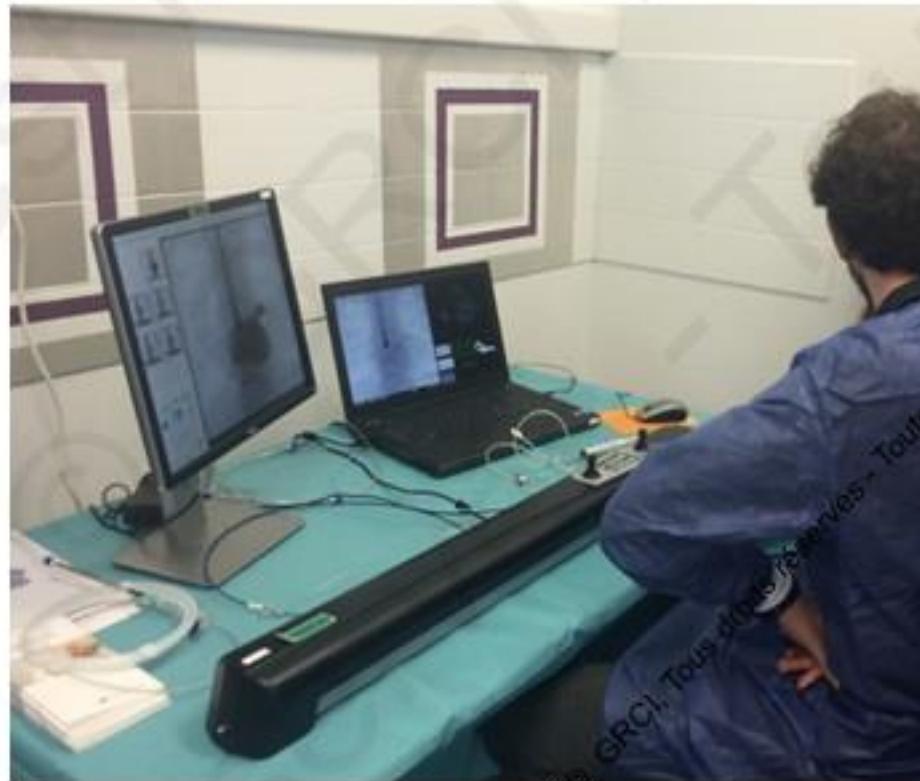
Simulateurs haute fidélité



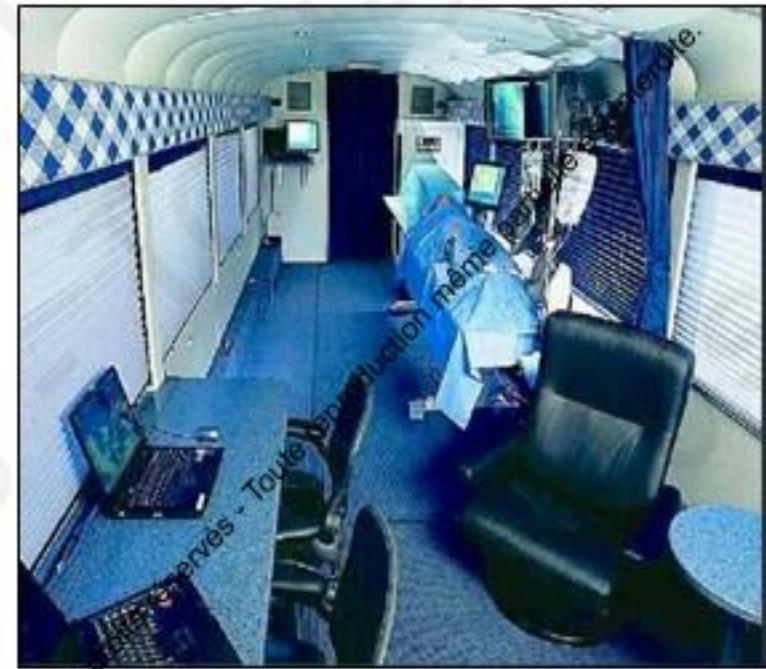
	Procedure	CAE	MSC	Mentice	Symbionix
Coronary					
LHC	X	X	X	X	X
Coronary	X	X	X	X	X
SVG		X			
FFR					
IABP					
Rotational Atherectomy	X	X	X	X	X
RHC					
Radial		X		X	X
Structural					
Transcat			X	X	X
PFQAD		X	X	X	X
PAL		X	X	X	X
MBV		X	X	X	X
Alcohol Septal Ablation					
Evalve					
LAA Closure			X	X	X
TAVI	X	X	X	X	X
Peripheral					
Carotid	X	X	X	X	X
Renal	X	X	X	X	X
Biac	X	X	X	X	X
SFA/Popliteal	X	X	X	X	X
Infropopliteal				X	X
Cooling				X	X
Neuro-cooling		X	X	X	X
Thrombolitics					
Thrombectomy					
Atherectomy					
TEVAR			X	X	X
EVAR			X	X	X



Différents lieux de simulation



Différents lieux de simulation

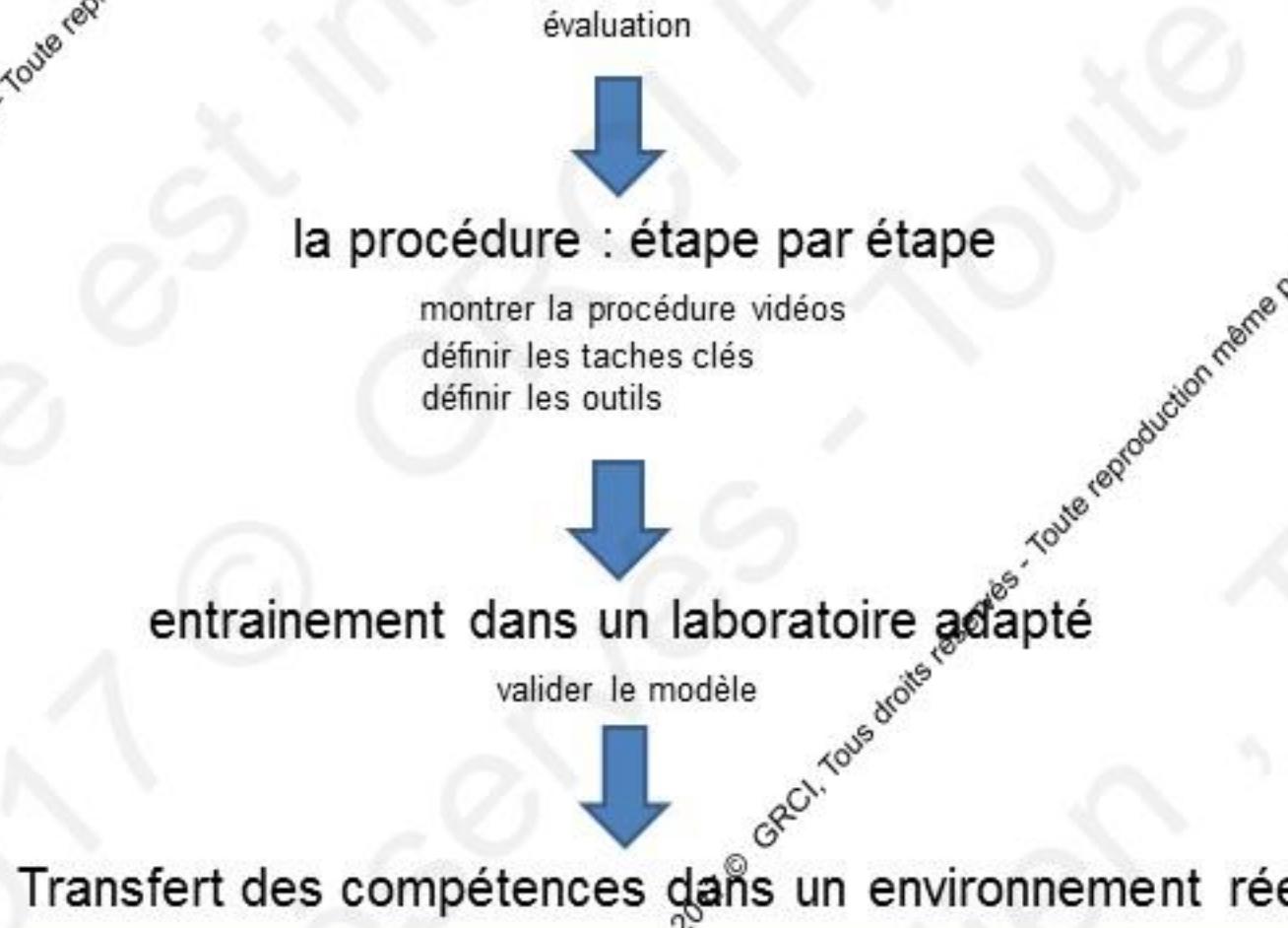




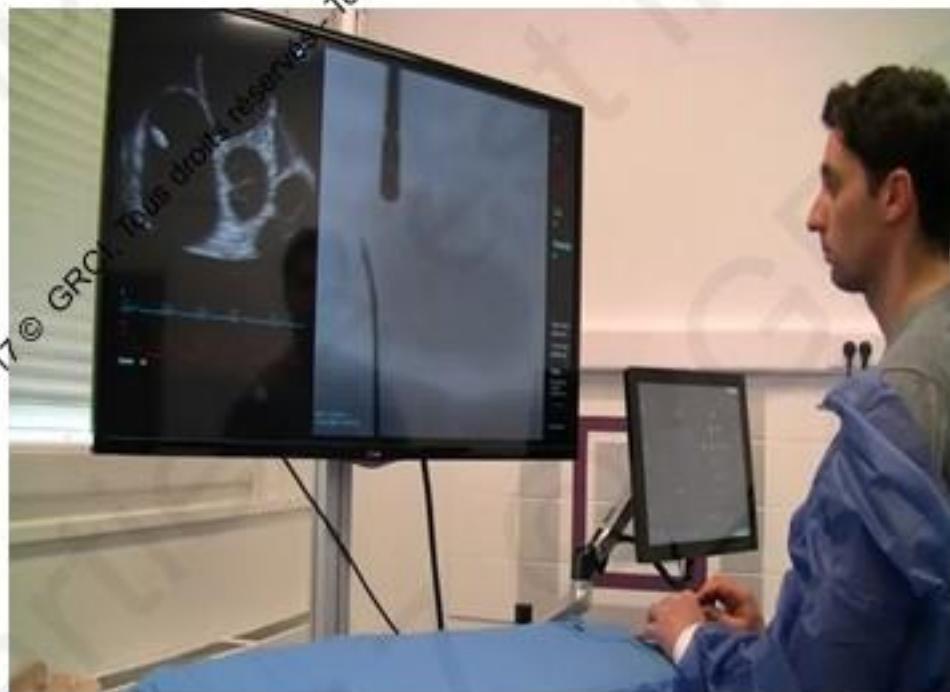
Transfert des compétences techniques

Entrainement systématique et acquisition des compétences techniques

connaissances théoriques bibliographiques

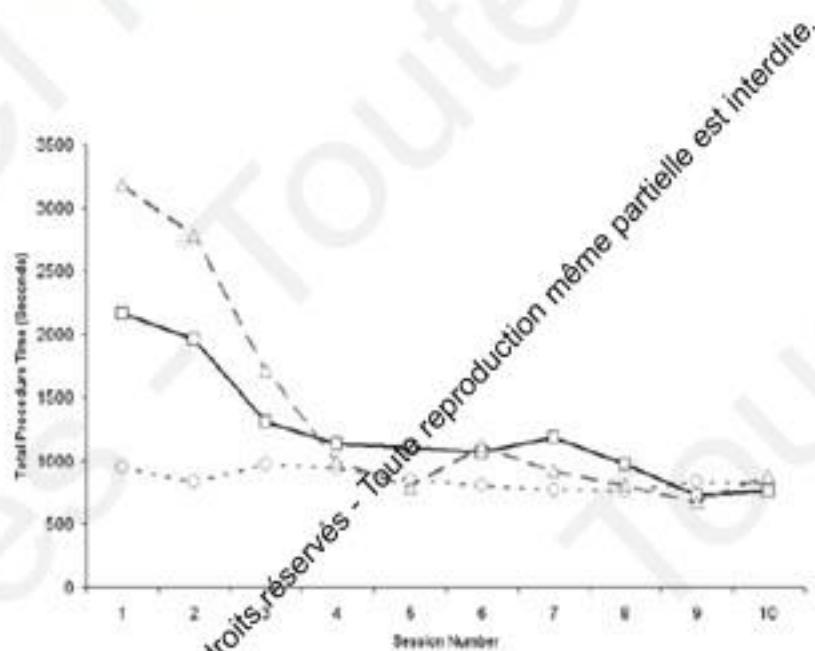
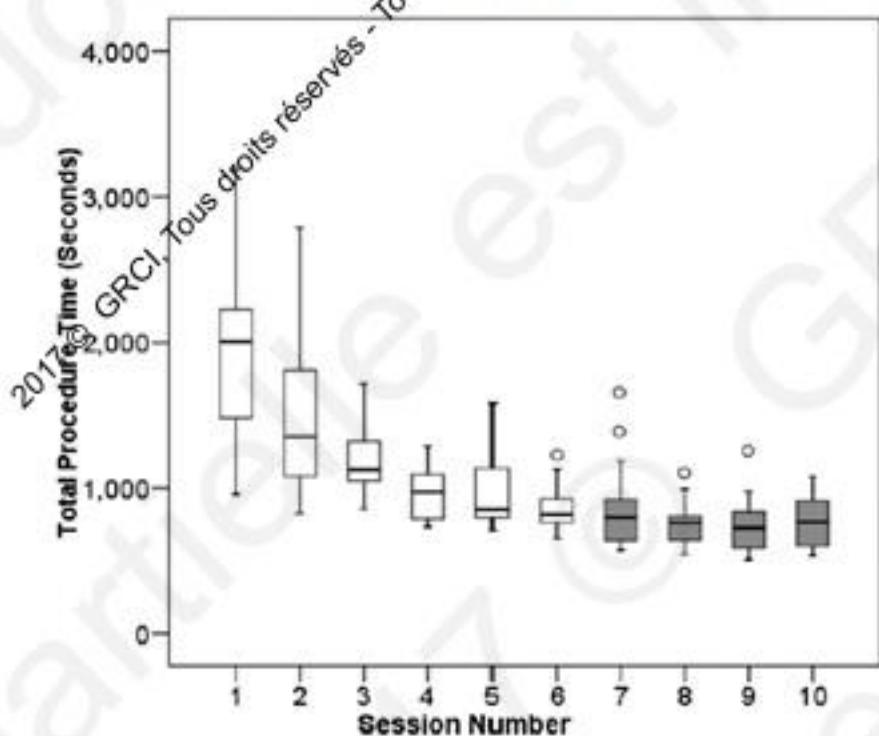






Visuospatial and psychomotor aptitude predicts endovascular performance of inexperienced individuals on a virtual reality simulator

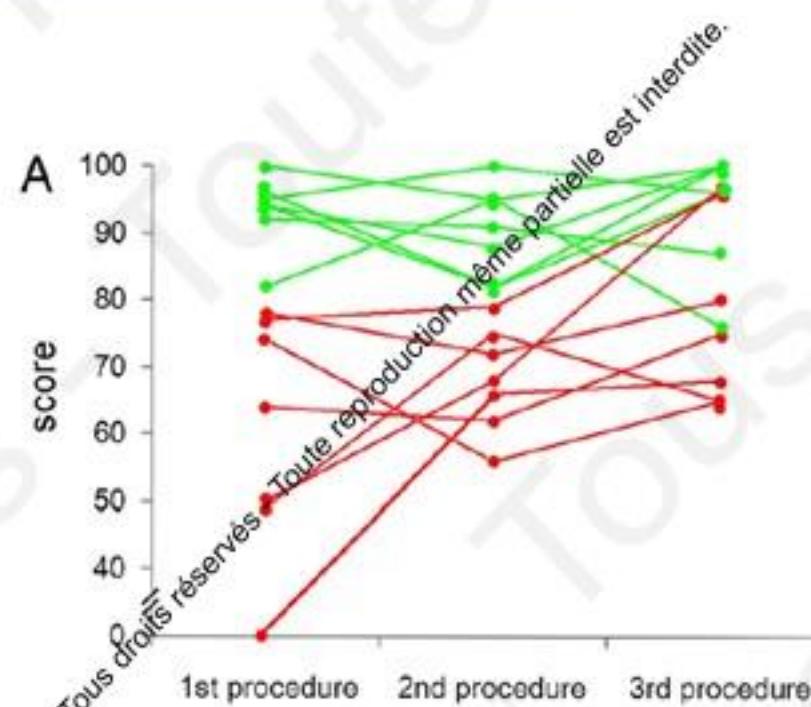
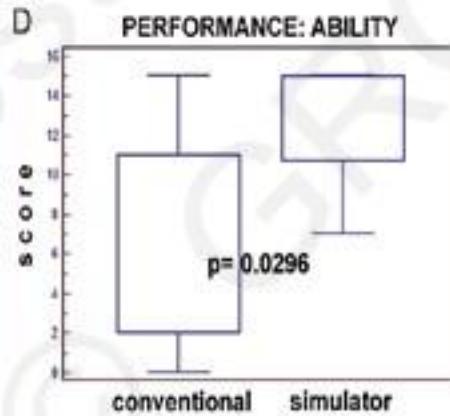
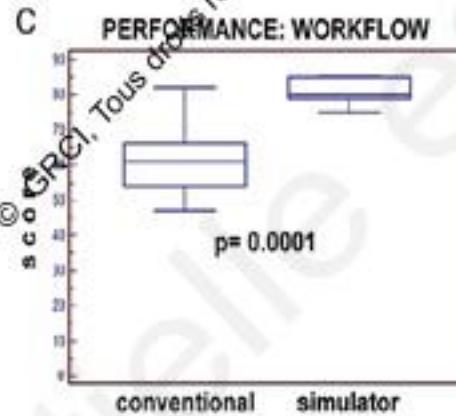
Isabelle Van Herzele, MD, PhD,^{a,b} Kevin G. L. O'Donoghue, BSc,^a



J Vasc Surg 2010

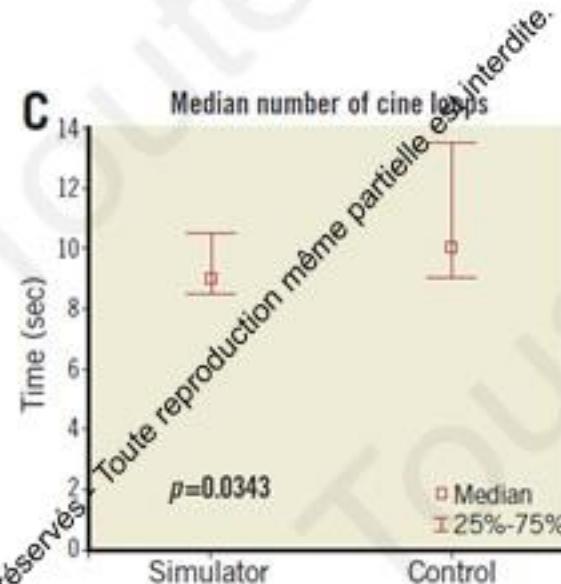
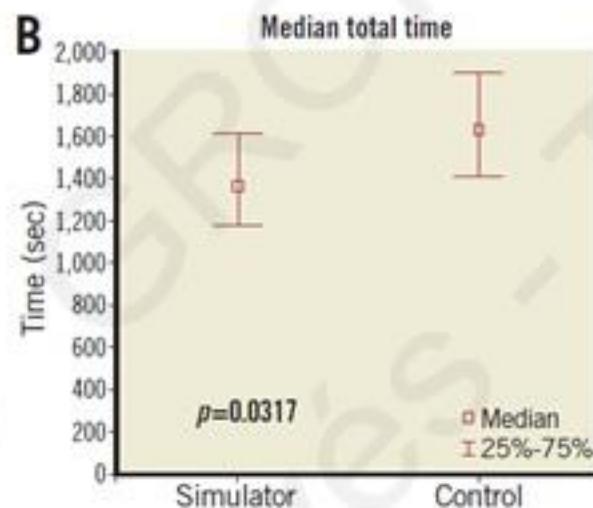
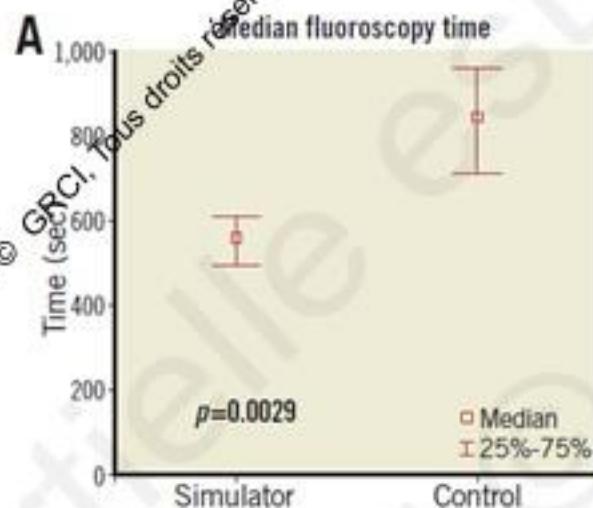
Superiority of Simulator-Based Training Compared With Conventional Training Methodologies in the Performance of Transseptal Catheterization

Roberto De Ponti, MD,* Raffaella Marazzi, MD,* Sergio Ghiringhelli, MD,*



Virtual reality training in coronary angiography and its transfer effect to real life catheterisation lab

Ulf J. Jensen^{1*}, MD, PhD; Jens Jensen², MD, PhD; Gunnar Ahlberg³, MD, PhD; Per Tornvall¹, MD, PhD

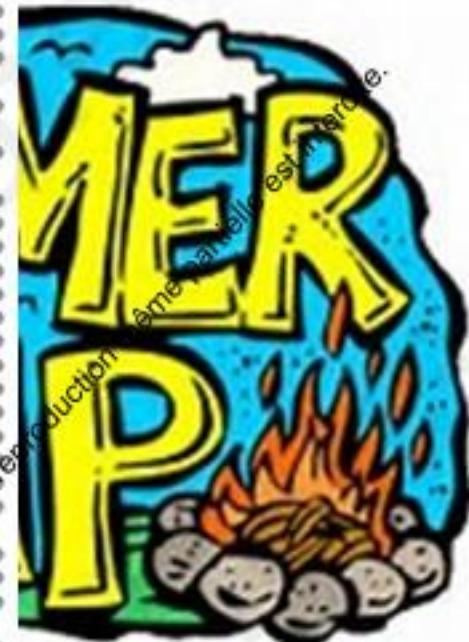


Intervention 2016

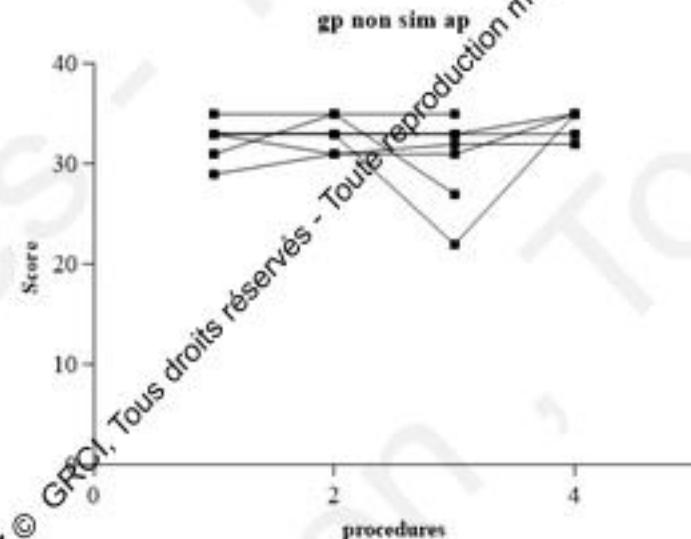
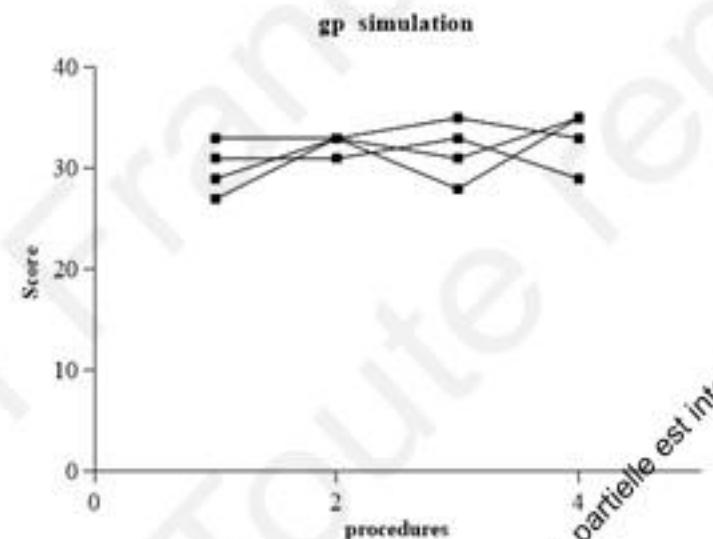
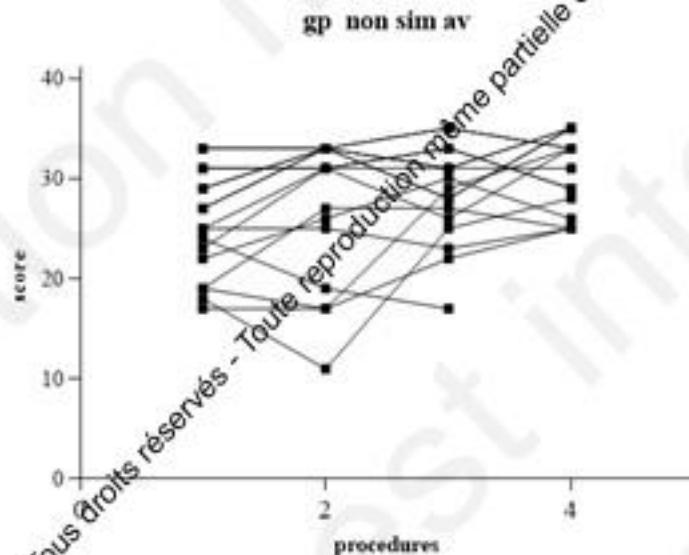
Section 1: workflow

	Score
1:1 Correct insertion of catheter over wire	5
1:2 Correct advancement of catheter in aorta	5
1:3 Correct projection for insertion of catheter in LCA	5
1:4 Correct insertion of catheter in LCA	5
1:5 Correct projections for visualising LCA	5
1:6 Correct length of cine loops for LCA	5
1:7 Correct contrast filling for visualising LCA	5
1:8 Correct removal of catheter from ostium prior to catheter exchange	5
1:9 Correct exchange of catheter over wire	5
1:10 Correct fluoroscopy for catheter exchange	5
1:11 Correct projection for insertion of catheter to RCA	5
1:12 Correct insertion of catheter in RCA	5
1:13 Correct projections for visualising RCA	5
1:14 Correct length of cine loops for RCA	5
1:15 Correct contrast filling for visualising RCA	5
1:16 Correct removal of catheter from ostium prior to catheter withdrawal	5
1:17 Correct removal of catheter over wire	5
Subtotal section 1	85
Section 2: ability	
2:1 Fluoroscopy time <10 min	5
2:2 Procedure time <30 min	5
2:3 Contrast use <90 cc	3
2:4 Number of cine loops (7-10)	2

Non-technical skills	*	*
—discussed benefits	1	0
—discussed risks	1	0
—consent obtained	1	0
—screened for contraindications	1	0
Examine patient (including Allen's test if radial access simulation)	1	0
Dresses in lead apron	1	0
Dresses in lead glasses	1	0
Wears mask, hat, sterile gown, and sterile gloves	1	0
Technical Skills	*	*
Manages manifold correctly	1	0
Correctly identifies site for access	1	0
Correctly utilizes fluoroscopic guidance (if femoral access simulation)	1	0
Describes steps in obtaining access from needle puncture to sheath placement	1	0
Table height adjusted to move patient midway between X ray tube and image intensifier with minimal distance to both	1	0
Proper placement of shielding	1	0
Wire and left coronary catheter advanced to ascending aorta	1	0
Chooses an appropriate wire	1	0
Chooses appropriate catheters	1	0
Attempts engage left coronary artery in LAO 30	1	0
Recognizes catheter engaging left coronary artery	1	0
Measurement of aortic pressure	1	0
Coronary catheter filled with contrast prior to injection	1	0
Holds syringe upright for injections	1	0
Take 4 orthogonal cine images of left coronary artery	1	0
Remove left coronary catheter by wire exchange	1	0
Wire and right coronary catheter advanced to ascending aorta	1	0
Catheter filled with contrast	1	0
Engage right coronary artery in LAO 30 with clockwise rotation	1	0
Recognizes right coronary artery is engaged	1	0
Take 2 orthogonal cine images of right coronary artery	1	0
Removes catheter from right coronary by counter clockwise rotation	1	0
Remove right coronary catheter by wire exchange	1	0
Wire location always maintained safely (i.e. Not into small branches or coronary arteries)	1	0
Always advanced catheter through aorta with wire guidance	1	0







Compétence de groupes



Van Herzeele et al J Vasc Surg 2008



Simulation patient-spécifique



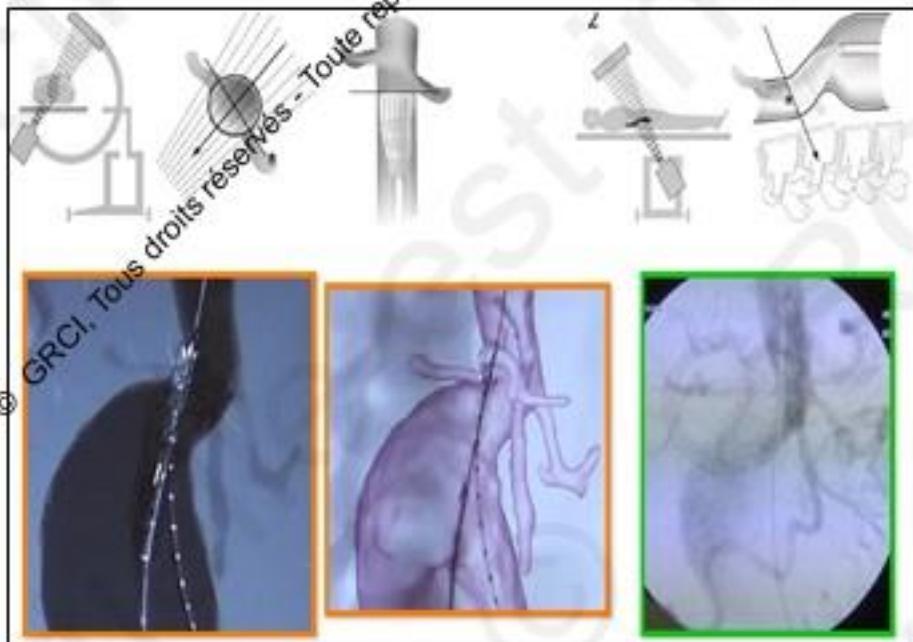
Sélection :

- cas patient
- matériels endovasculaires

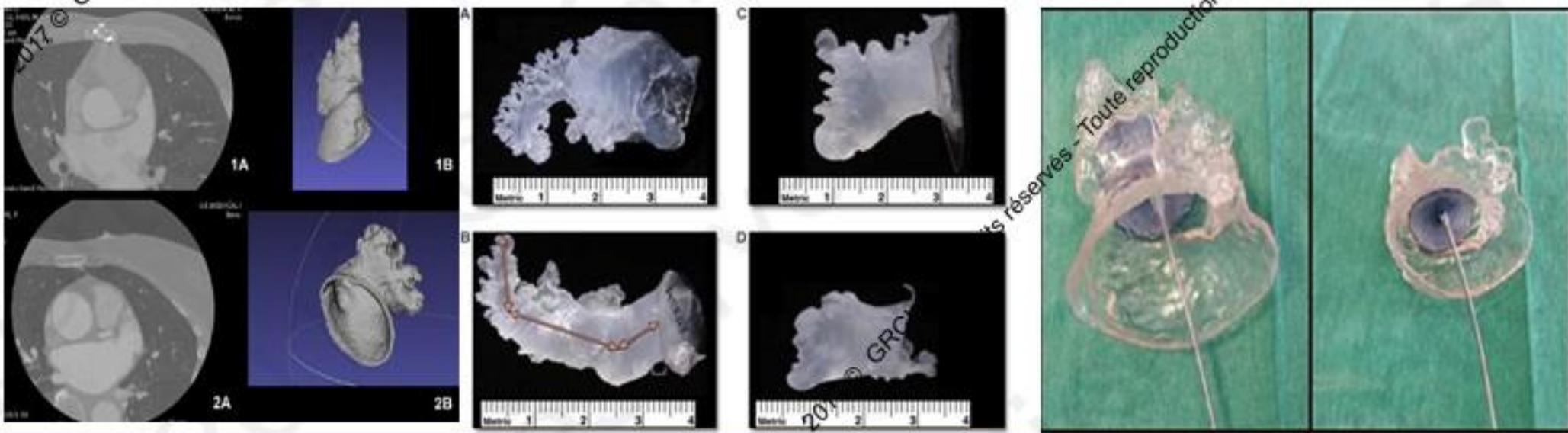
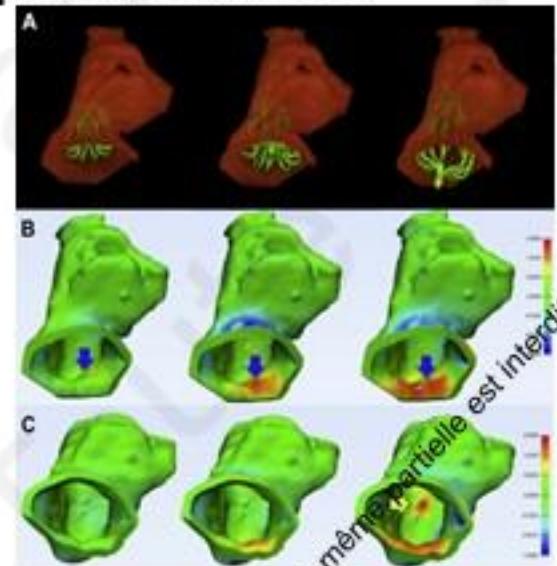
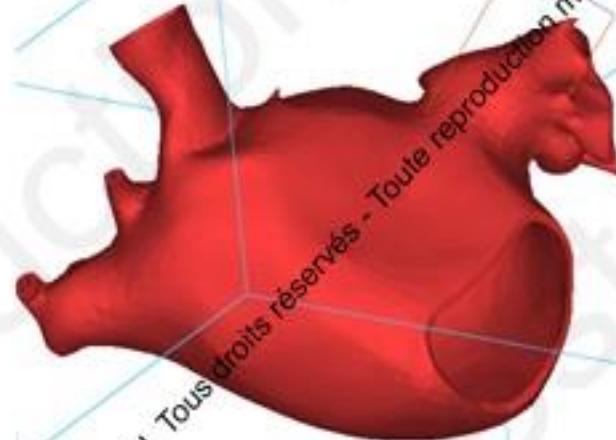
Performance du team :

- conditions techniques
incidences, landing zone
familiarisation avec le cas
plan
pièges
- performances humaines

Simulation endovasculaire patient spécifique



Imagerie et optimisation des procédures



Conclusion

La simulation : une étape dans la formation

..... accélérant les autres étapes

