



14th

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ASIAN INTERVENTIONAL CARDIOVASCULAR THERAPEUTICS
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Chain reaction--- Endless nightmares!

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Conflicts of Interest

Speaker's name: Dr. Dhiman Banik

I do not have any potential conflict of interest

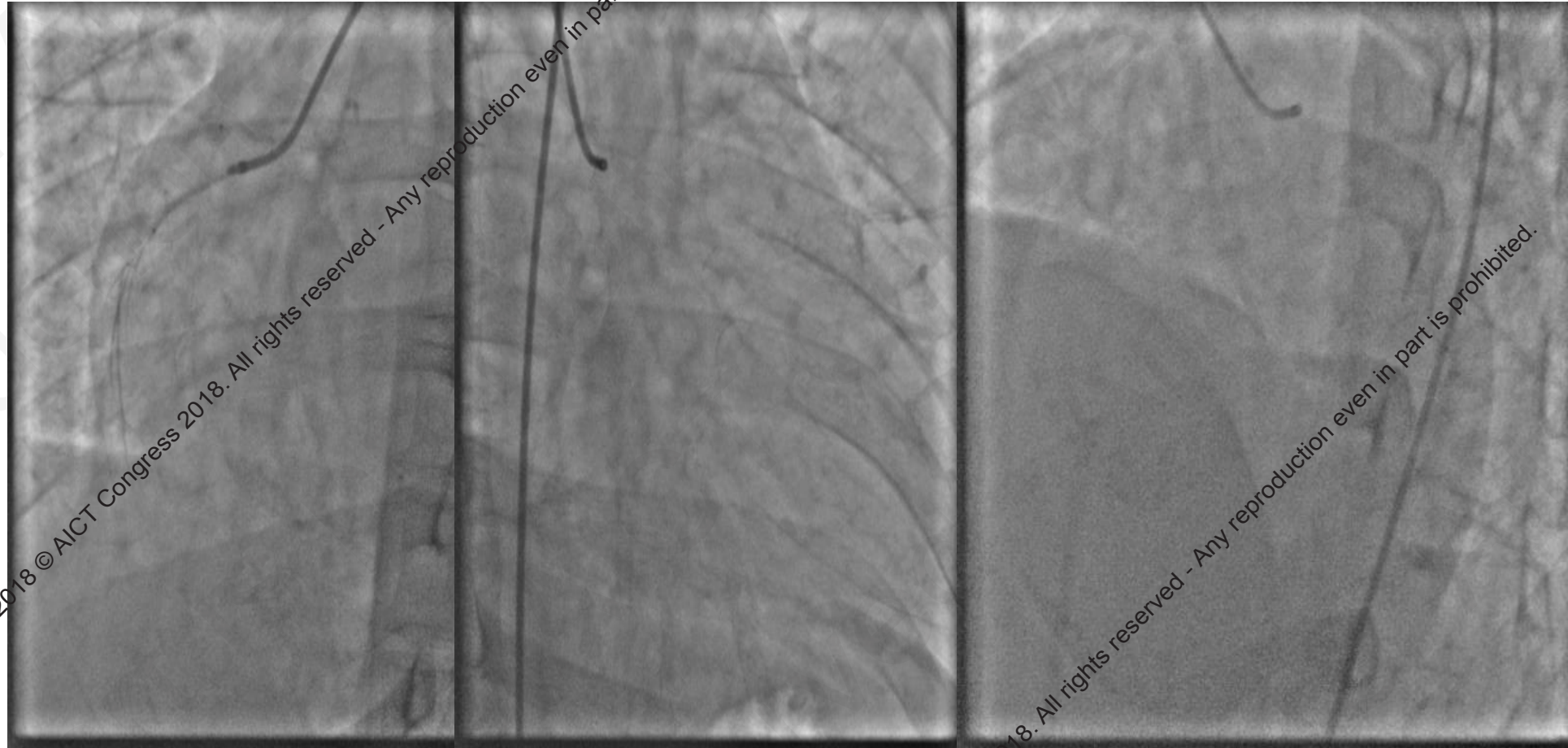
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Initial Diagnosis:

- Mr. X-29 years old, Physician by profession
- Hypertensive, Strong family history of IHD
- NSTMI
- ECG shows T↓ in V1-V6.
- Echo reveals no regional wall motion abnormality with LVEF -60%.
- CAG was done three weeks after the NSTMI.

RCA : Non dominant and normal.



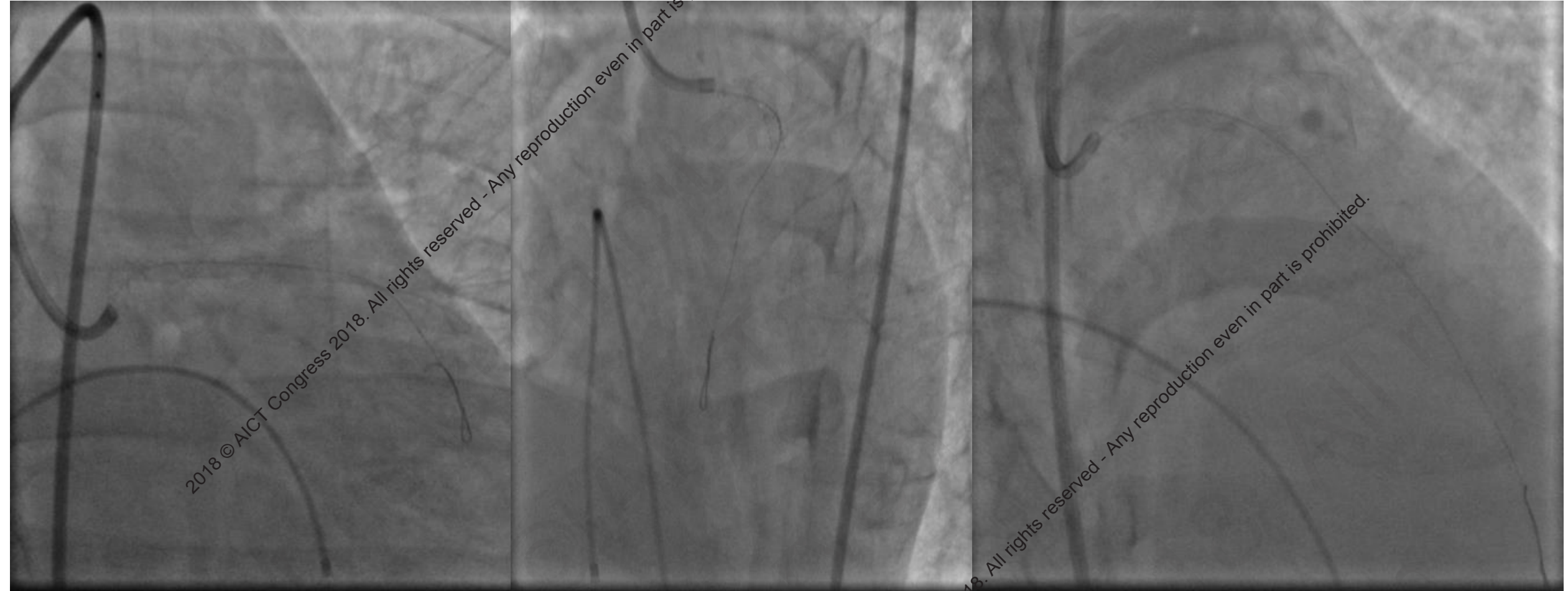
LMCA :
LAD :
LCX : Dominant & no significant stenosis.

Three days later PCI was done in an another center-----



Patient developed cardiac arrest during PCI and revert by CPR

3.0 mm x 36 mm DES was deployed .



After stenting : Failed to engaged the left main due to stent over hanging in the Aorta.

- After 6 months patient developed effort angina (CCS-III).
- Check CAG was done.

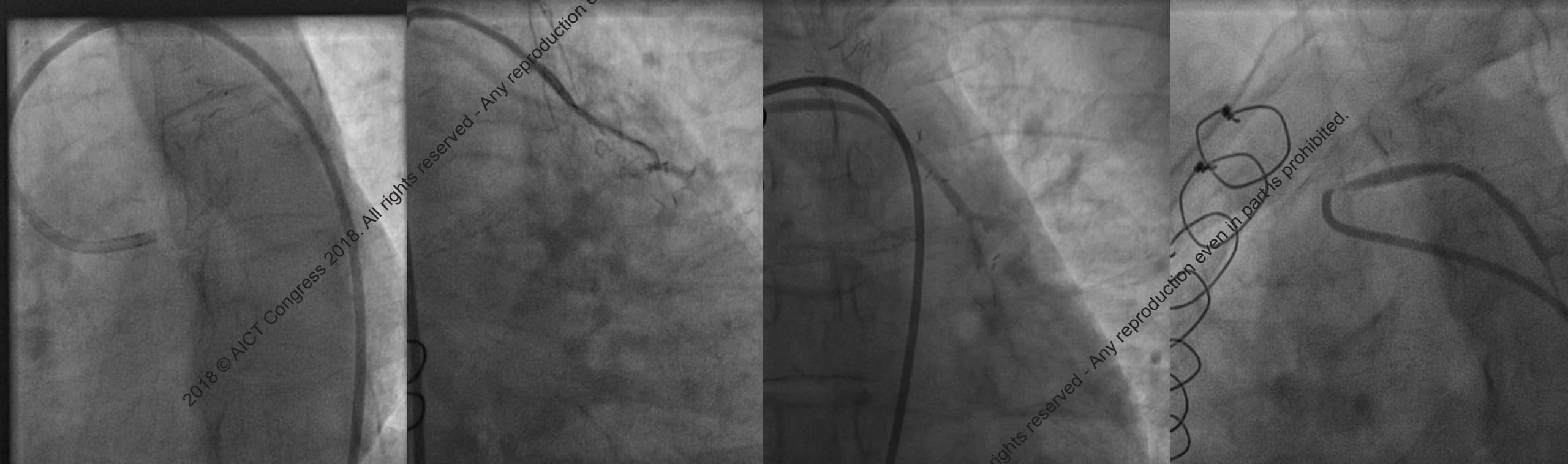


Severe ISR in LMCA, Significant stenosis in LCX origin, Stent over-hang in Aorta
CABG was done 10 days later.

- Grafts were-
 - LIMA to LAD.
 - Sequential SVG to diagonal and OM branch.

After 14 months-

- Patient again developed chest pain and diagnosed as NSTMI with LVF.
- Patient was hospitalized and LVF was controlled.
- Again check CAG was done:



- LMCA (significant ISR) & LAD (100% ISR).
- Dominant LCX with 90% ostial stenosis.

- LIMA to LAD severe stenosis at the distal anastomotic site.
- SVG to OM & Diagonal: Severe stenosis in proximal as well as distal also.

So, planned for Re-PCI :

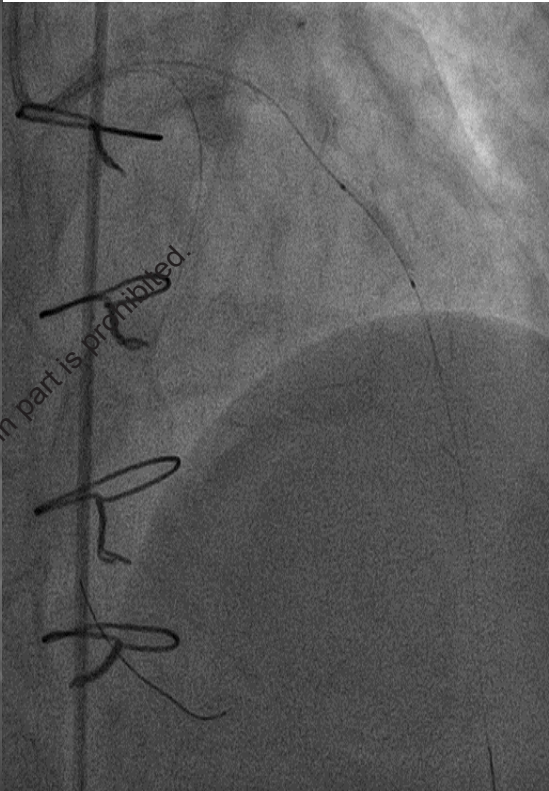
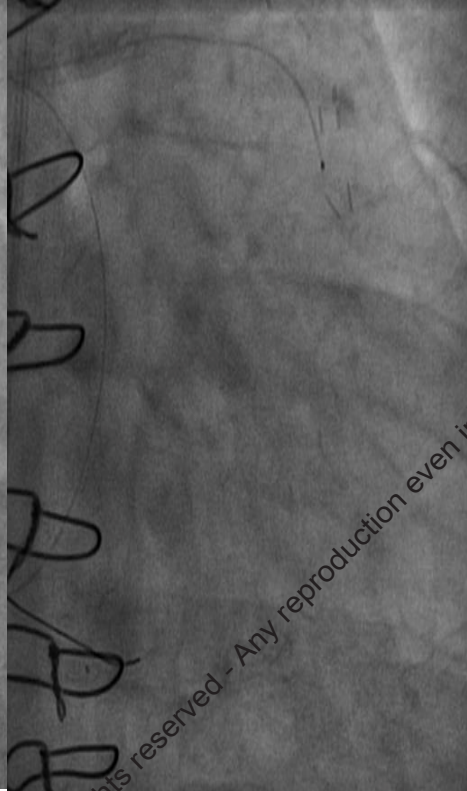
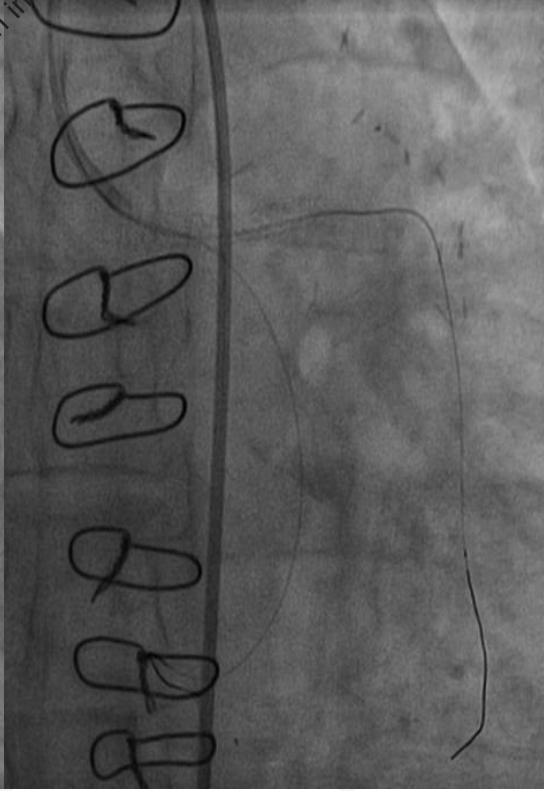
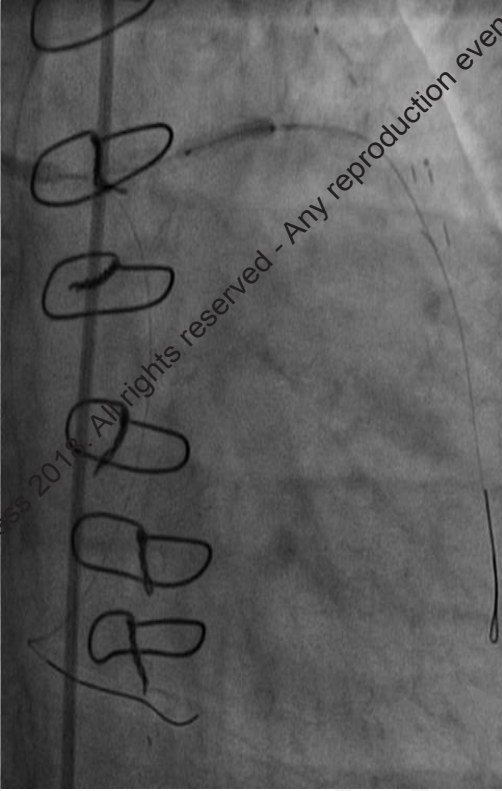
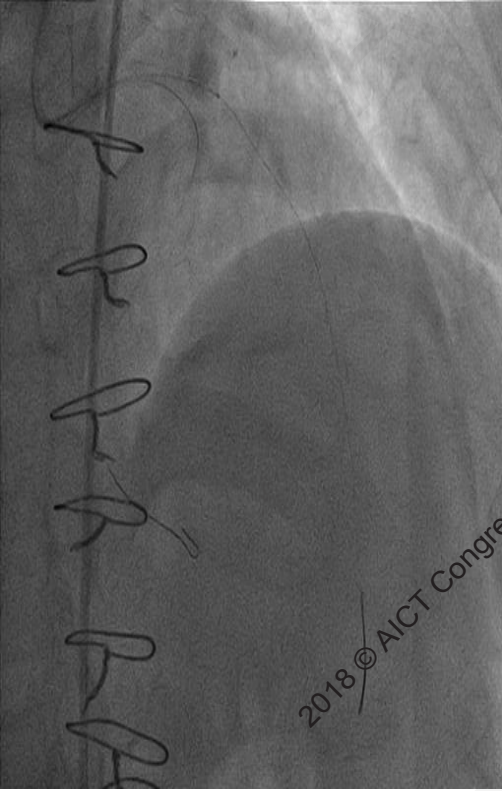
- Plan –
 - Fixing the LMCA & ostial LCX
 - Opening up of the LAD CTO.



Wiring of the LCX.

Pre-dilatation of LMCA with ostial LCX: 3.5 x 09 mm NC balloon at 20 ATM.
 Pre-dilatation of LMCA: 4.0 x 09 mm NC balloon at 18 ATM.

LAD was wired with CTO wire (Pilot 50) supported by micro catheter.

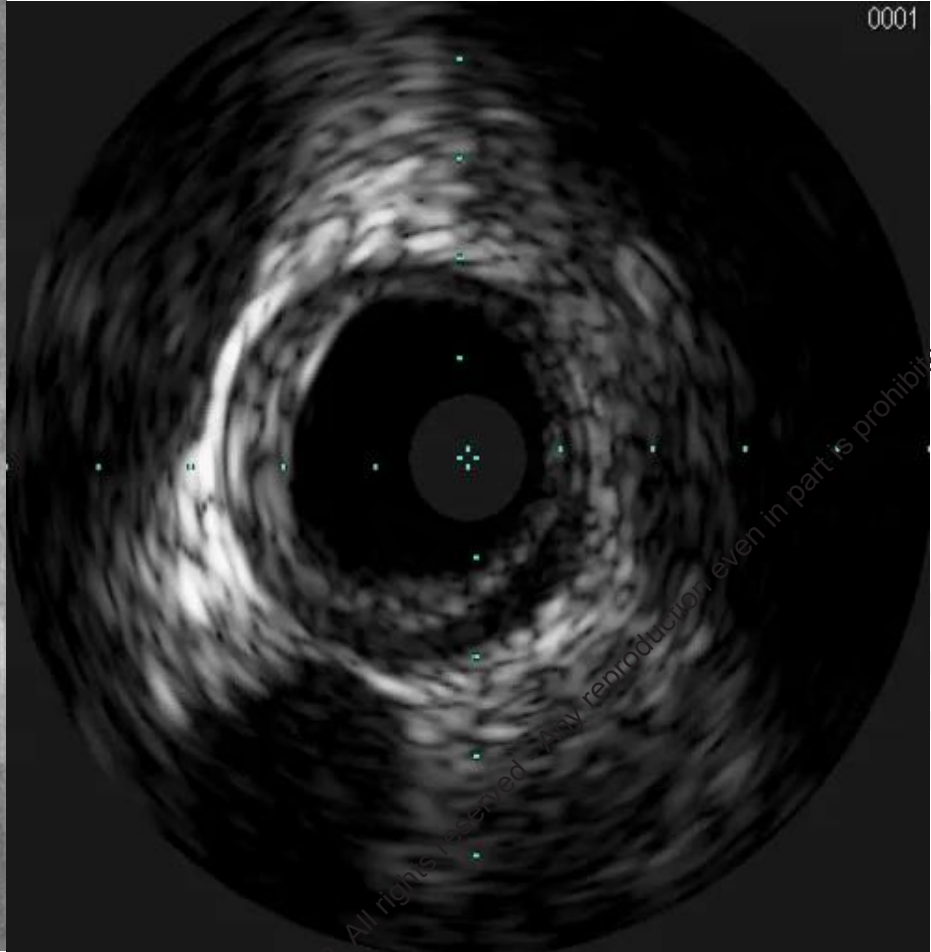
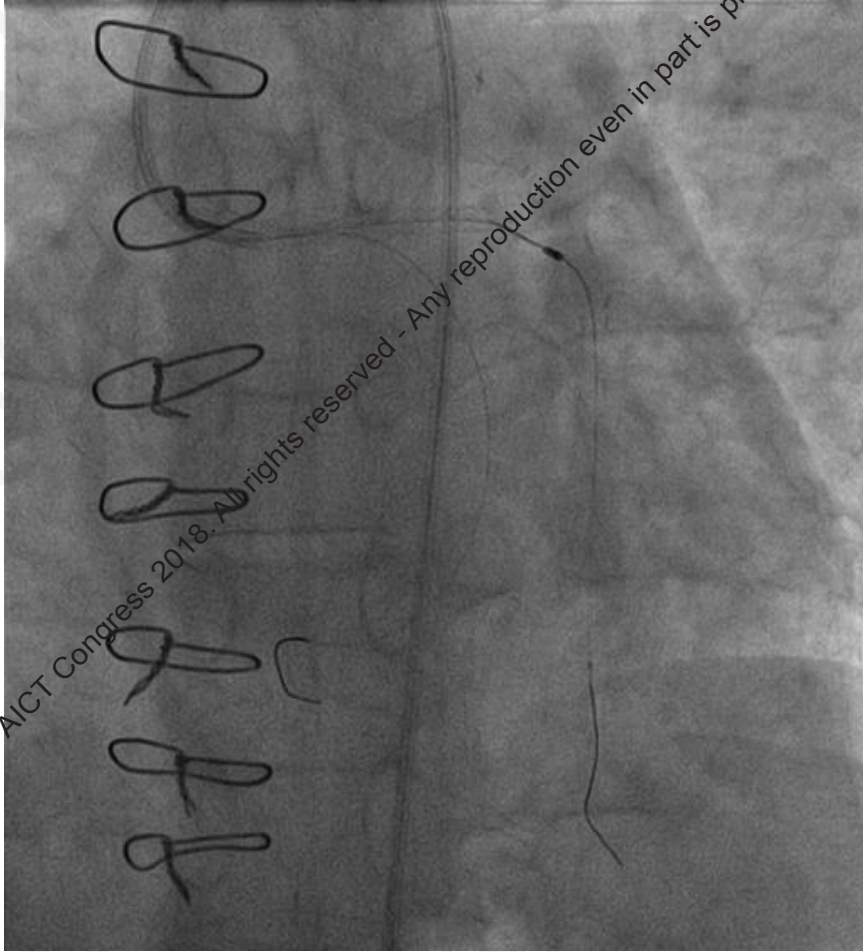


Pre-dilatation in ISR with 3.0 x 12 mm NC balloon.

After pre-dilatation
Check angiography

Contrast given through
micro catheter- Distal LAD
well visualized.

Mid LAD dilatation with small
size balloon at low pressure.



IVUS done

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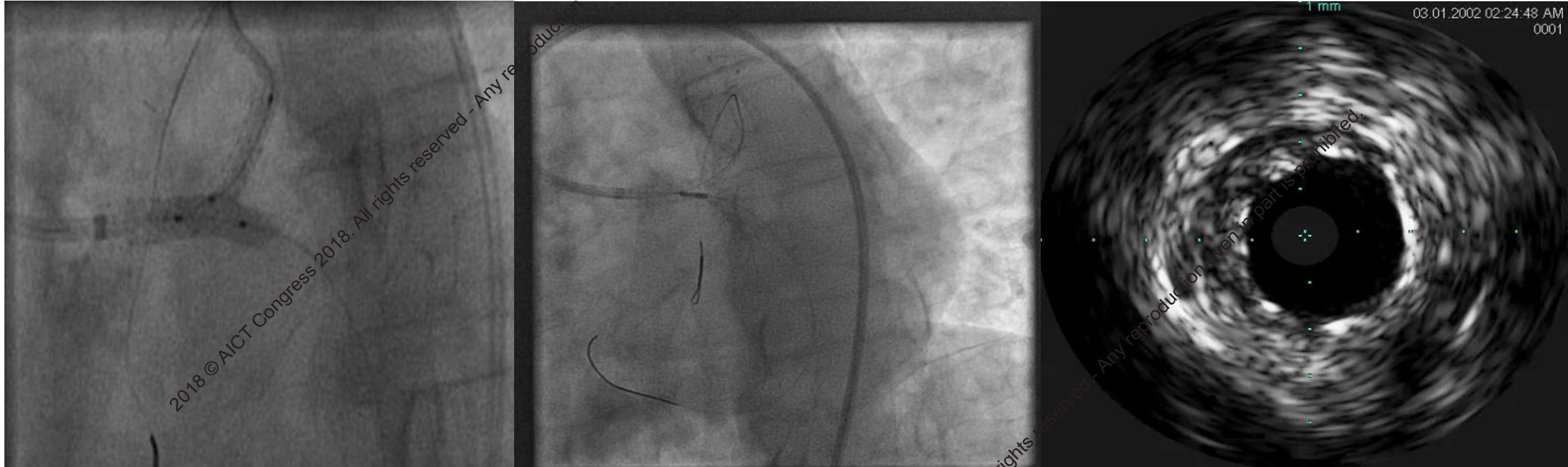
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Stenting of LMCA to LCX
with 4.5mm x 22 mm DES

LAD was re-wired

Aggressive instent balloon
dilatation done with NC balloon

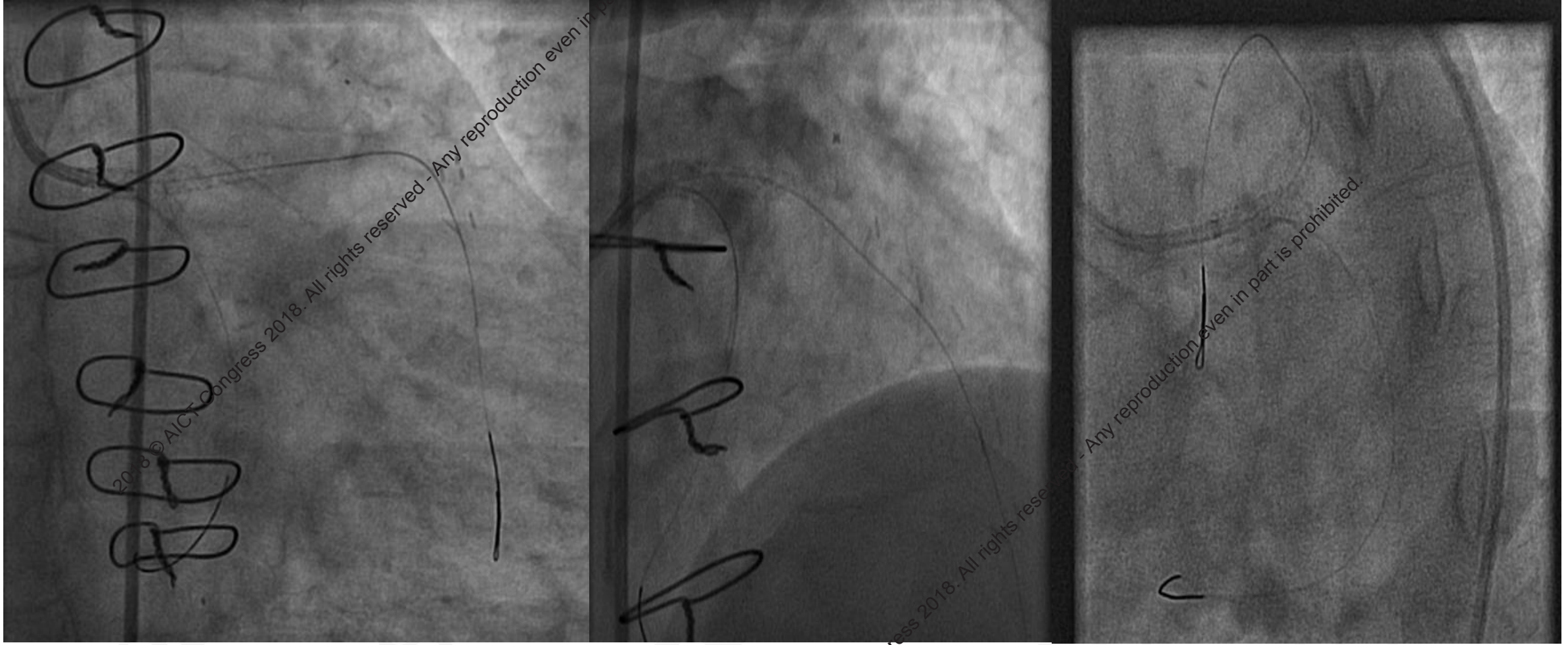
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Final kissing done with 3.5 x 25 mm DEB in LAD & 4.5 x 08 mm in LMCA to LCX

IVUS done from Left main to LCX.

Final result



Take home message:

- Any PCI or CABG is not free from life threatening complications.
- Before doing an ostial LMCA & proximal LAD in a left dominant case the pros and cons should be carefully assessed.
- For the proper assessment of lesion severity in ostial Left main & proximal LAD, -----IVUS & FFR can be of immense value.
- Proper sizing of stent is mandatory.
- Stent should be properly placed to avoid over hanging in the aorta.
- Infact overhanging led to great difficulty in catheter engagement during check CAG & redo PCI.

A chain reaction of coronary events -----Endless nightmares!



NHFH Cathlab team



Thank You

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