

Left atrial appendage occlusion (LAAO) under local anaesthesis (LA) and intracardiac echocardiografiy (ICE) guidance:

A case series of 17 patients in a tertiary hospital in Hong Kong

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Left atrial appendage occlusion (LAAO) under local anaesthesis (LA) and intracardiac echocardiography (ICE) guidance:

A case series of 23 patients in a tertiary hospital in Hong K@ng

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Speaker's name: Gary Shing-Him CHEUNG

✓ I have the following potential conflicts of integest 」」 to report:

I am a physician proctor for Watchman (Boston Scientific) and Amulet (Abbott) LAAO devices.

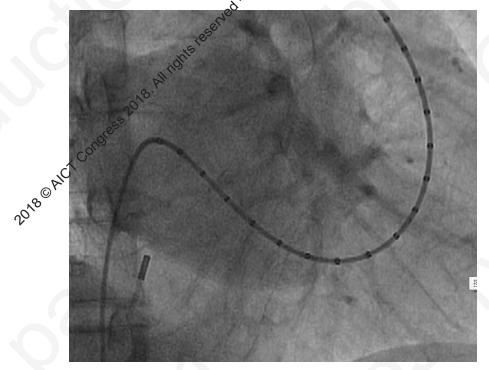


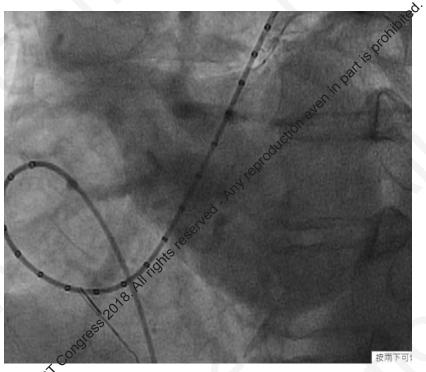
Background

• Transesophageal echocardiography (TEE) is the standard maging tool for procedural guidance of percutaneous transcatheter left atrial appendage occlusion (LAAO), but it requires support under general anesthesia (GA) or monitoring anesthesia care (MAC).

By using intracardiac echocardiography (ICE) guidance, LAAO can be performed under local anaesthesia (LA), which might improve the procedure logistics and reduce the turnover time in the catheter laboratory.

Træins-septal puncture (ICE + LAPA Angiogram roadmap) AICT





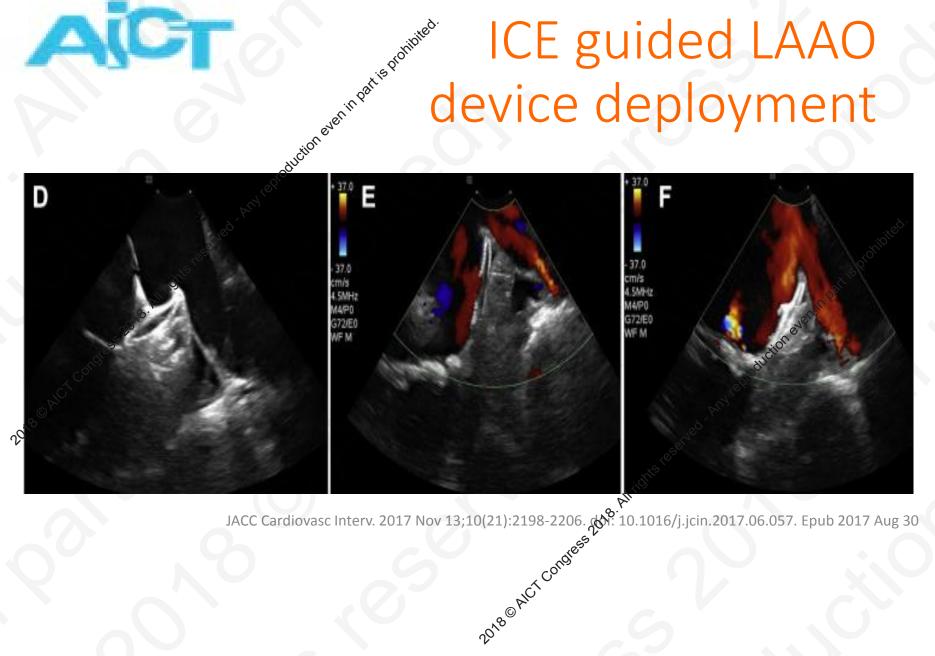
2018@AICT

One TS sheath (For ICE) up to LUPV One delivery Sheath in LA for LAAO

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ICE guided LAAO device deployment





- A retrospectively review of all patients underwent LAAO under ICE guidance at one tertiary hospital in Hong Kong was performed in order to review its efficacy and safety.
- Paţients' demographics, clinical characteristics, operative procedures, postoperative complications and soutcome were recorded and analyzed.
- Study outcomes including technical and procedural success rate, and complication rate were defined according to the 2016 Munich Consensus Document on LAAO.
- The result will compare with those of TEE guided LAAO (either at GA or MAC) (either at GA or MAC)



- A total of 22 patients underwent LAAO with ICE guidance from Jan 2017 to Aug 2018
- Mean age 75 years old; 61% male
- All were performed under Local Anaes (LA)
- Majority of the patients received Amulet device (n=20), while the remaining 2 had Lambre device,
- The mean CHA2DS2-VASc and HASBLED scores were 4.5 and 2.8 respectively.

AICT

Results are a series of the se

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	uction even i	ICE + LA (N =22)	TEE + GA/MAC (N=270)	p value
F	Procedural Time, min (mean)	95.8	91.6	0.03
(Fluoroscopy Time min mean)	21.5	17.2	<0.001
(Peri-procedural complications	0	97.5 2.5 2.5 4 (3 ⁰ / ₅ %)	<0.001
F	Procedural Success rate, %	100	97.5	oroduciidi 0.77
© by	Average Length of Stay, days	2	2.5 ANY 16	0.37
F	Follow-up TEE		e leselves	
	- Significant Peri-device leak >5mm (n, %)	0 1 (4.5%) on aspirin alone _k ్ 0 భిగ్	4,(4.5%)	0.45
	- Device related thrombus (n, %)	1 (4.5%) on aspirin alone _N ర్	5 (1.8%)	0.24
(6 Month stroke rate	0 2018	1	0.68



Limitation

- Not randomaized controlled
- Time period is not matched
- Selection bias

2018 ANCT Suggestion:

- Compared to the matched patients within the same study time period
 Limit to same LAAO dovice
- Limit to same LAAO device



Conclusion

- In this cohord of case series in one tertiary hospital of Hong Kong, ICE guided LAAO and local anesthesia could give a high success rate and low complication rate as similar to TEE guided procedure.
- The duration of procedure was longer during the initial phase of the learning curve, but increased experience may shorten the procedure time.
- Moreover, ICE guided procedure could reduce the turnover time in the cardiac catheter laboratory, and also could avoid the patients from general aesthesia, endotracheal intubation and post-anestheisa care.



Thanks your attention of the state of the st

