



Do Not Let Perfection Be the Enemy of Good

Saurabh Rastogi

Ng Teng Fong General Hospital
Singapore



Conflicts of Interest

Speaker's name : Saurabh RASTOGI

- I do not have any potential conflict of interest

Clinical History

- 61yr old male
- Pmhx: Ischemic heart disease s/p PCI to proximal RCA'04 / Hyperlipidaemia
- Family history Premature CAD
- Active smoker
- NSTEMI presentation
- No significant findings on exam/ECG



LAD

Left Coronary system

LCX

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RCA

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RCA Lesion preparation

Ikazuchi 3.0x10 @ 12 atm

Scoreflex 3.0 x15 @ 12atm

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RCA STENT IMPLANTATION

Angio Post Scoreflex

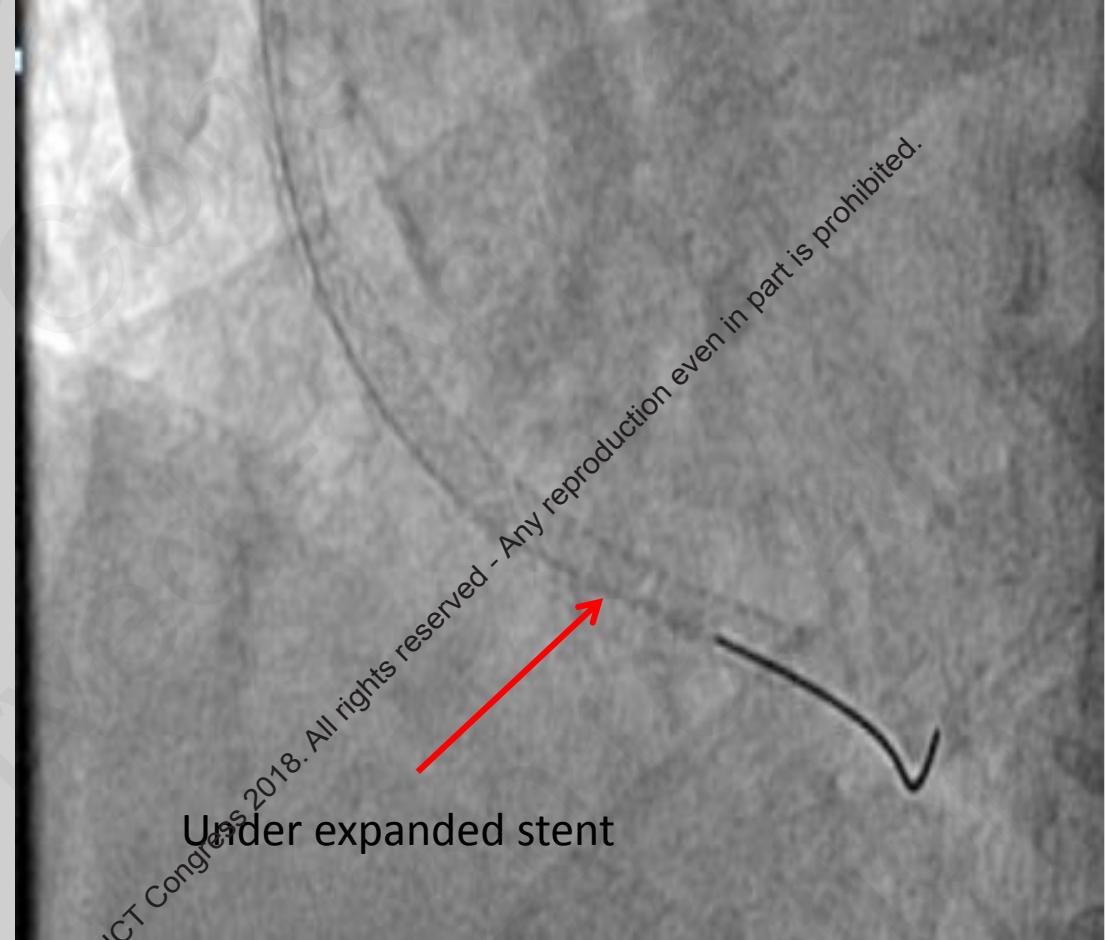
Xience 3.5 x48 mm stent

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Post stent Implantation

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Post dilatation

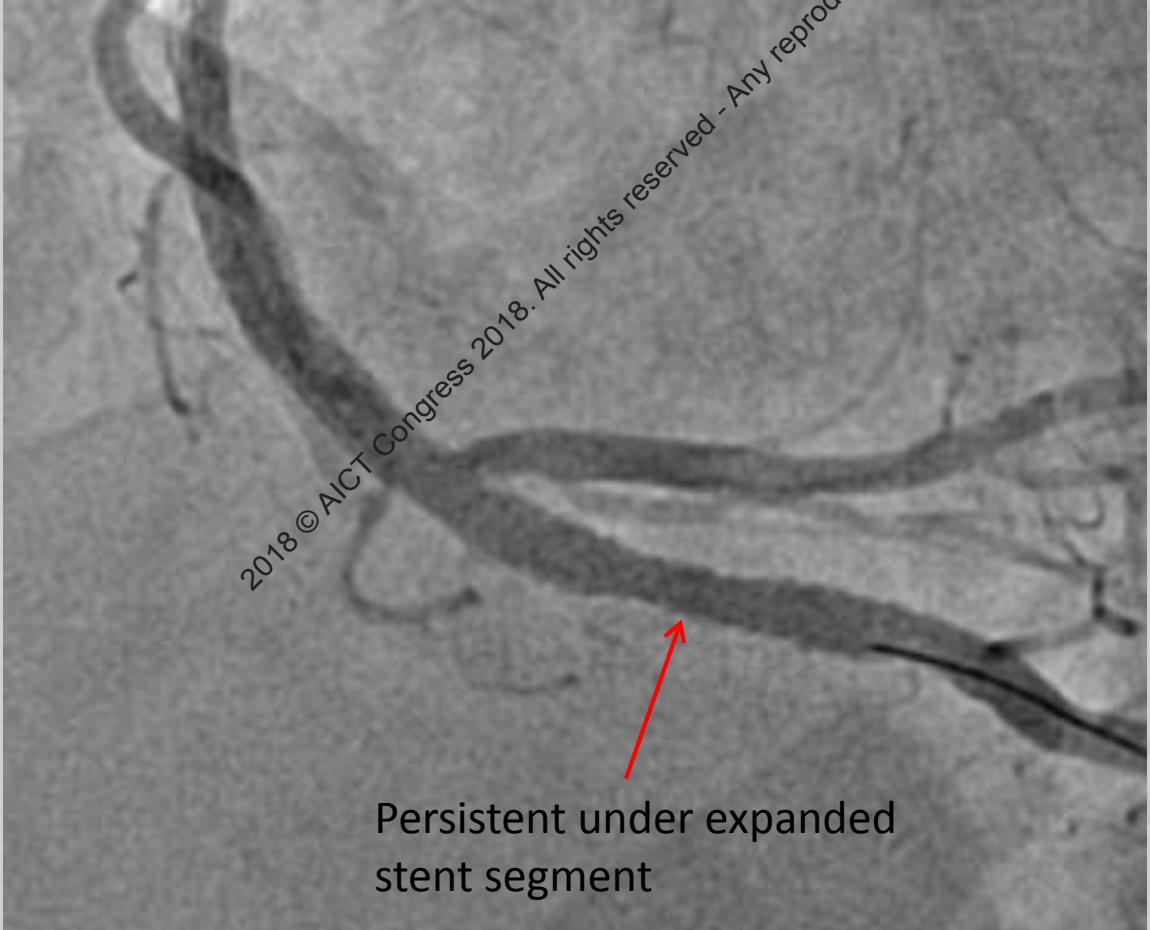
NC 4.0x15 @20atm

Angiogram Post NC balloon dilatation

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Closer Look



The aim for perfection

Angio Post NC





Immediate Balloon Seal

Time for redemption

BE Stent Graft 3.5X21 @11 atm

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Angio post stent graft implantation

Redeemed

**Angio after post-dilatation with NC 3.5
X15@12ATM**

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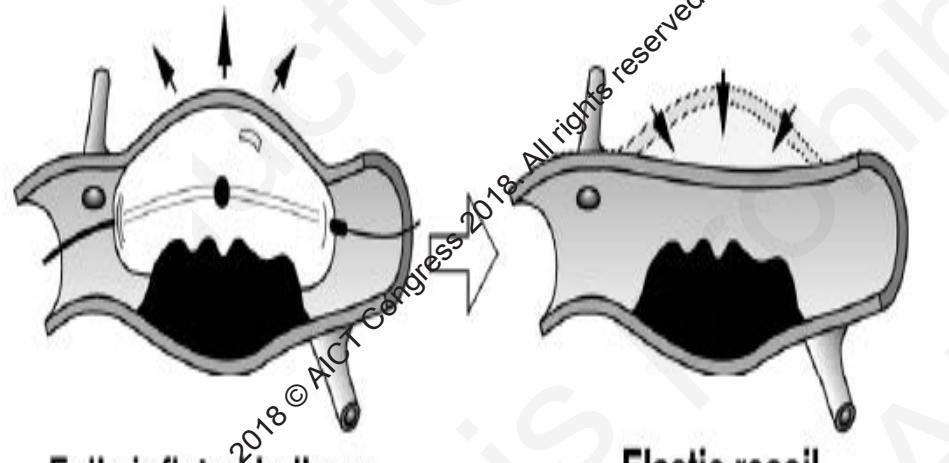


Redemption still holding 14 months later

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Looking back....

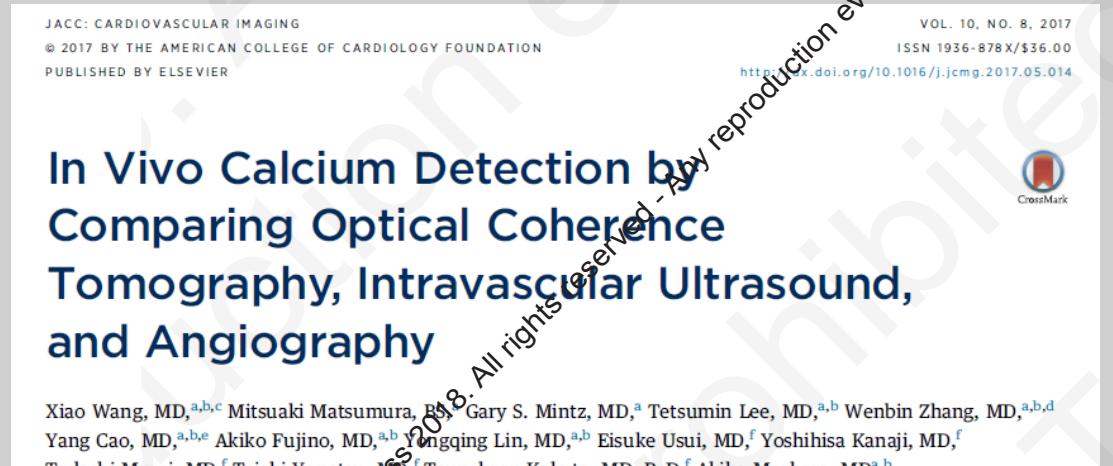


Fully inflated balloon

Elastic recoil
Residual, high-grade stenosis

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Calcium assessment on Angiography

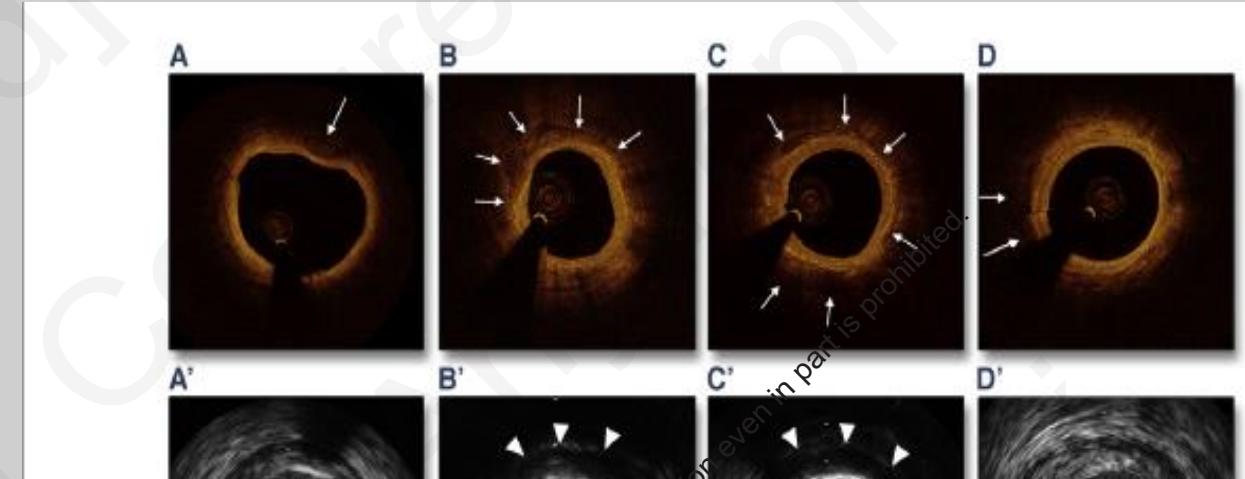


IVUS Finding

Arc of calcium (degrees):	< 90
	91 - 180
	181 - 270
	271 - 360

Length of calcium (mm):	≤ 5
	6 - 10
	≥ 11

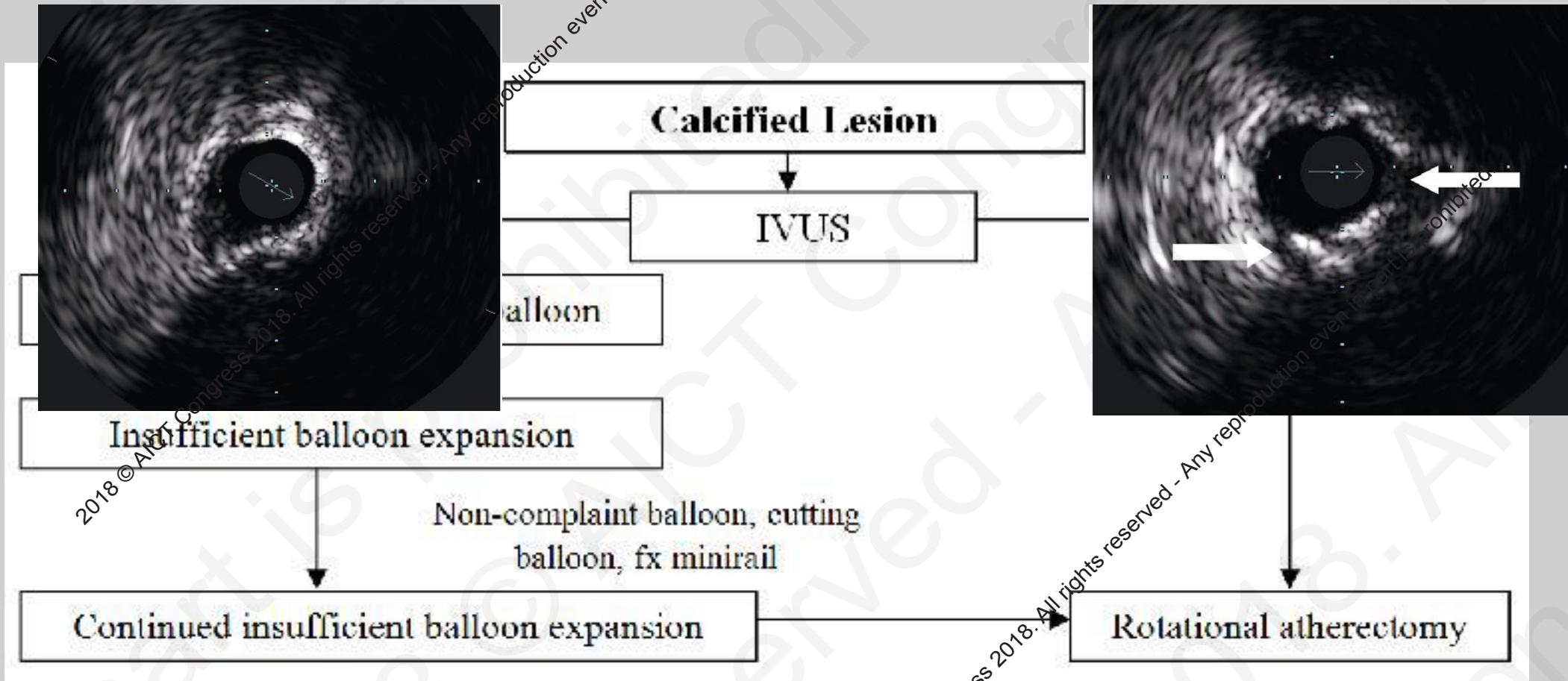
Location of calcium:	Superficial only
	Deep only
	Superficial + deep



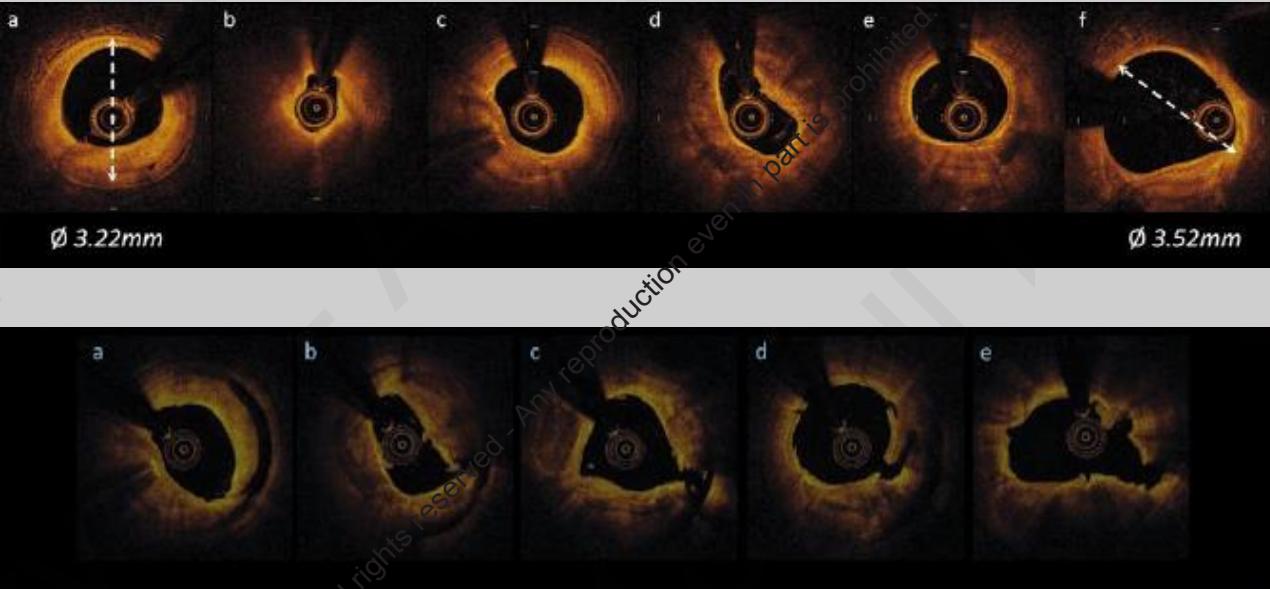
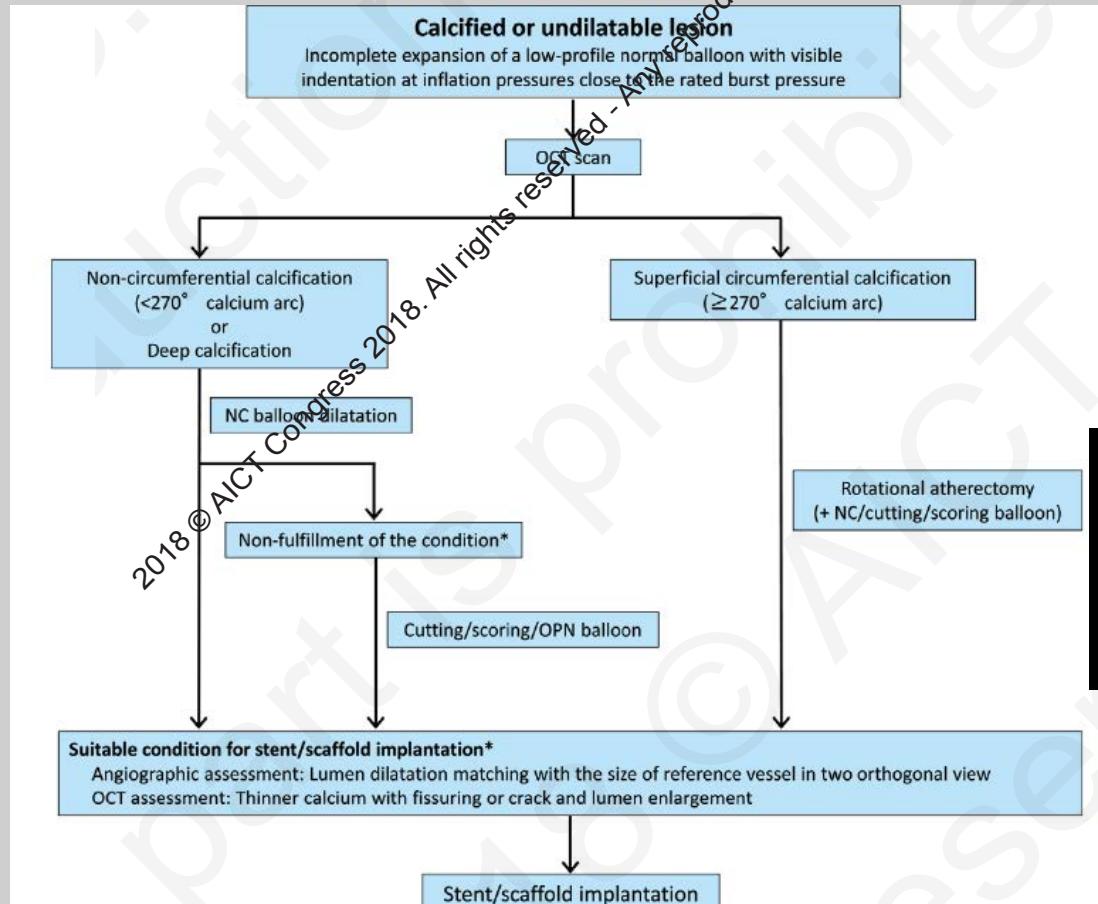
Sensitivity of Angiography (%)*

25	Ellis SG et al. JACC 1996
50	
60	
85	
42	
63	
61	
60	
54	
24	

Adequate Calcified lesion preparation

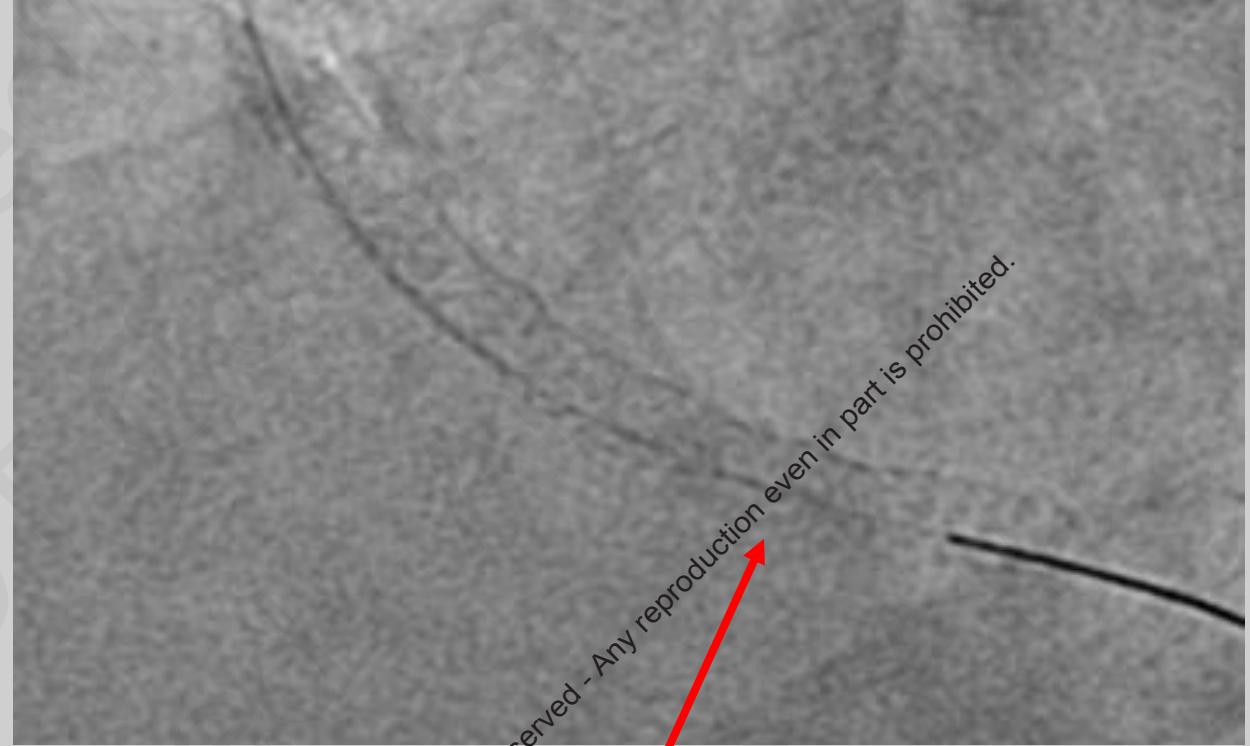


Adequate Calcified lesion preparation



Shimamura et al. Circulation
Journal 2016

Back to the Title



**STENT UNDER-EXPANDED OR
ASYMMETRIC EXPANSION**

ASYMMETRIC STENT EXPANSION

J Cardiol 2007 Jun; 49(6): 313-21

Impact of Highly Asymmetric Stent Expansion After Sirolimus-Eluting Stent Implantation on Twelve-Month Clinical Outcomes

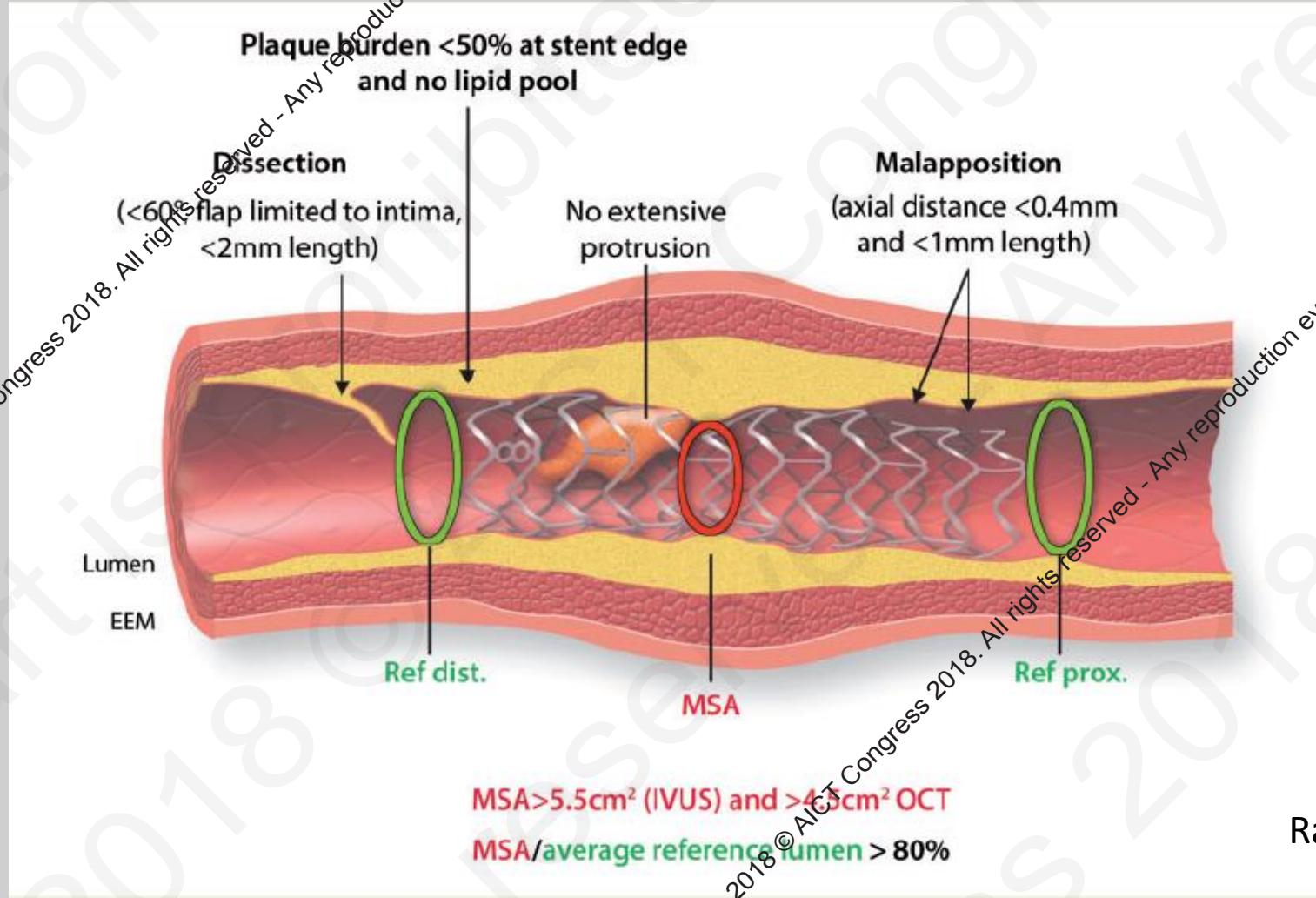


	O group (n=145)	S group (n=26)	p value
Reference proximal site			
EEM CSA (mm ²)	19.7±5.5	1.5±5.7	0.128
Lumen CSA (mm ²)	8.3±2.7	9.7±3.9	0.089
Plaque CSA (mm ²)	11.3±4.1	11.9±2.8	0.358
Minimal stent area site			
Minimal stent diameter (mm)	2.51±0.45	2.06±0.31	<0.001
Maximal stent diameter (mm)	3.08±0.50	3.12±0.33	0.710
EEM CSA (mm ²)	17.9±5.1	16.9±4.6	0.231
Lumen CSA (mm ²)	6.6±2.0	5.1±1.6	0.03
Plaque CSA (mm ²)	11.3±4.0	11.2±2.8	0.877
Reference distal site			
EEM CSA (mm ²)	14.4±5.4	13.9±5.8	0.668
Lumen CSA (mm ²)	6.8±2.9	6.7±2.6	0.870
Plaque CSA (mm ²)	7.7±3.7	7.2±4.2	0.620
Stent symmetry index	0.81±0.05	0.63±0.04	<0.001
Stent expansion ratio	0.91±0.22	0.76±0.27	0.002
Stent expansion ratio < 0.65	12(8.2)	8(30.1)	0.001
Calcification behind struts at MSA site	61(42.1)	26(100)	<0.001

	O group	S group	p value
Number of follow-up patients	93	25	
Stent thrombosis	0	0	
Acute myocardial infarction	0	0	
Cardiac death	0	0	
Non-cardiac death	2(2.1%)	1(4.0%)	0.602

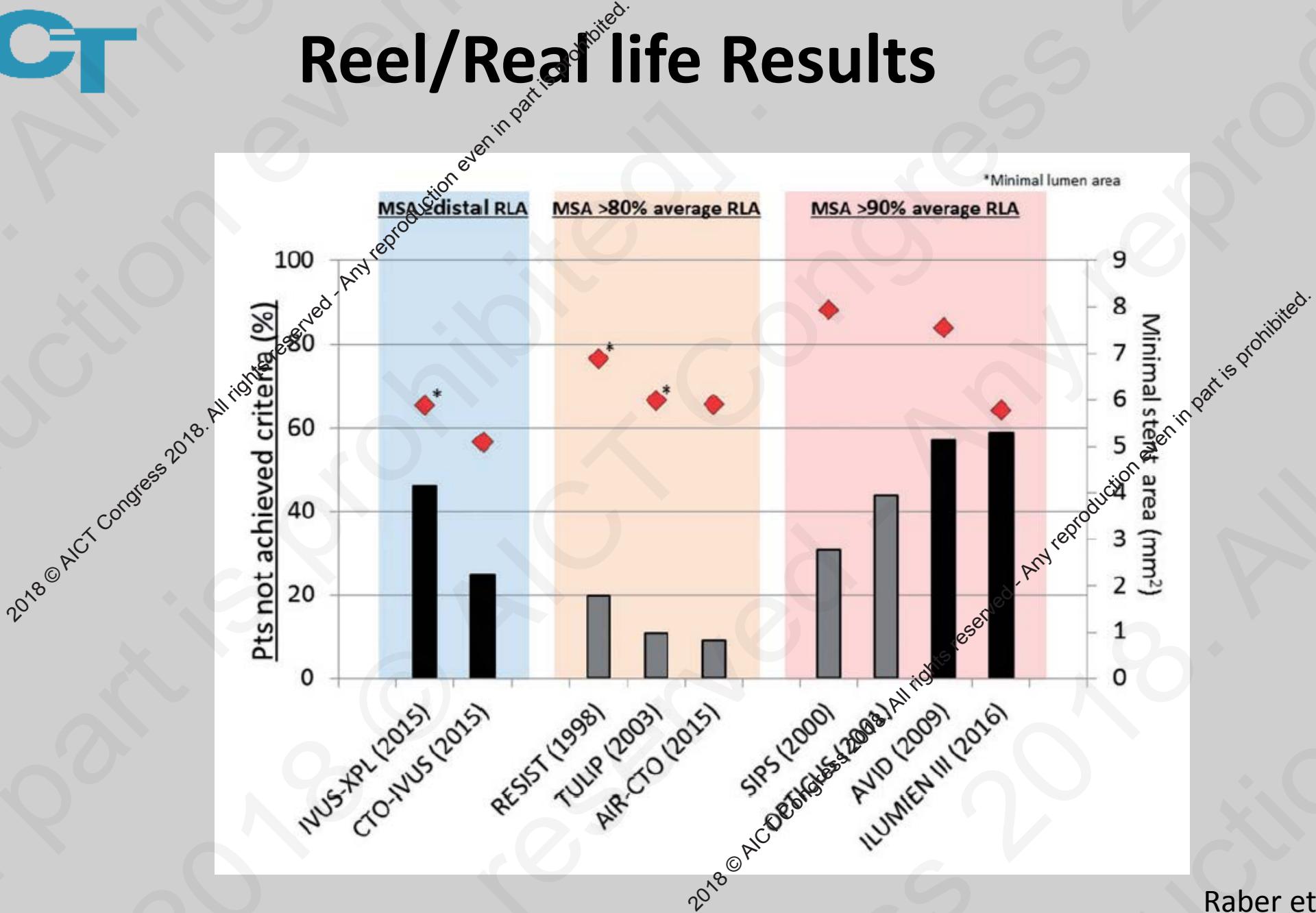
PCI OPTIMIZATION

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Raber et al. EHJ 2018

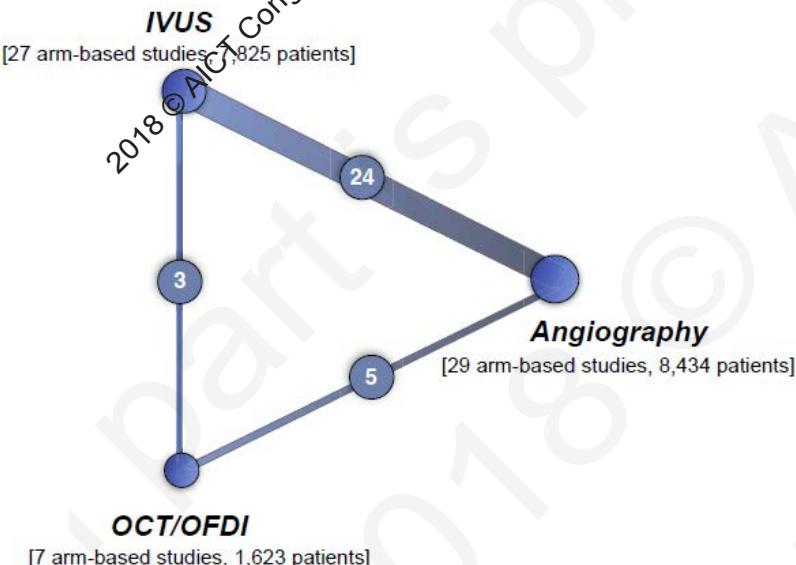
Reel/Real life Results



Nevertheless Promising

Clinical Outcomes Following Intravascular Imaging-Guided Versus Coronary Angiography-Guided Percutaneous Coronary Intervention With Stent Implantation

A Systematic Review and Bayesian Network Meta-Analysis
of 31 Studies and 17,888 Patients



	Angiography	IVUS	OCT/OFDI
MACE			
Angiography	—	0.79 (0.67-0.91)	0.68 (0.49-0.97)
IVUS	1.30 (1.10-1.50)	—	0.87 (0.61-1.30)
OCT/OFDI	1.50 (1.00-2.00)	1.10 (0.78-1.60)	—
Cardiovascular death			
Angiography	—	0.47 (0.32-0.66)	0.31 (0.13-0.66)
IVUS	2.10 (1.50-3.10)	—	0.66 (0.27-1.50)
OCT/OFDI	3.20 (1.50-7.60)	1.90 (0.66-3.70)	—
Myocardial infarction			
Angiography	—	0.72 (0.52-0.93)	0.79 (0.44-1.40)
IVUS	1.40 (1.10-1.70)	—	1.10 (0.60-2.10)
OCT/OFDI	1.30 (0.78-2.30)	0.90 (0.47-1.70)	—
Target lesion revascularization			
Angiography	—	0.74 (0.58-0.90)	0.66 (0.35-1.20)
IVUS	1.40 (1.10-1.70)	—	0.88 (0.47-1.60)
OCT/OFDI	1.50 (0.83-2.90)	1.10 (0.61-2.10)	—
Stent thrombosis			
Angiography	—	0.42 (0.20-0.72)	0.39 (0.10-1.20)
IVUS	2.40 (1.40-5.10)	—	0.93 (0.24-3.40)
OCT/OFDI	2.60 (0.80-10.0)	1.10 (0.29-4.20)	—

Coronary Perforations

Canadian Journal of Cardiology 27 (2011) 843–850

Systematic Review/Meta-analysis

Coronary Artery Perforation During Percutaneous Coronary Intervention: A Systematic Review and Meta-analysis

Avi Shimony, MD,^a Lawrence Joseph, PhD,^b Salvatore Mottillo, BSc,^{a,c} and Mark J. Rosenberg, MD, MPH^{a,b}

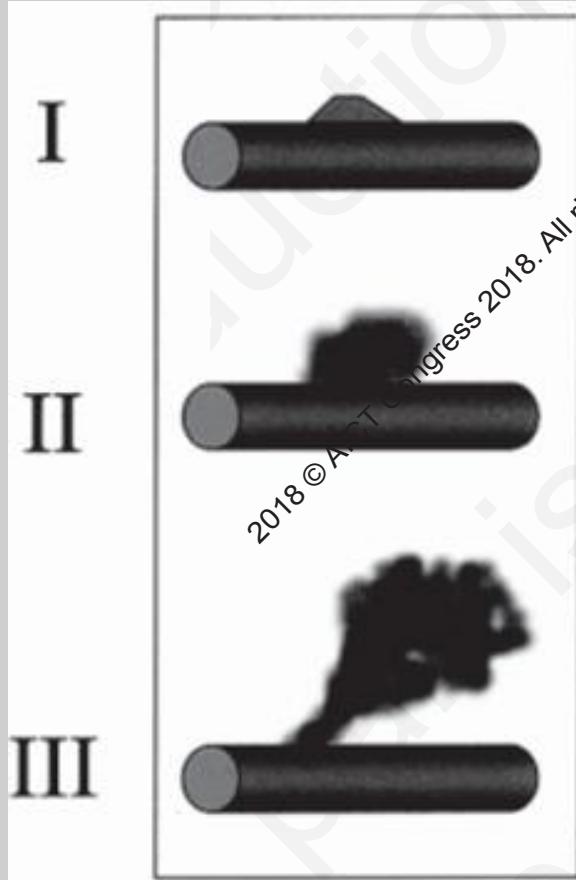
- 16 studies 197000 patients
- 0.35-0.52 % Incidence
- Up to 3% with debulking devices

Risk Factors for coronary perforation

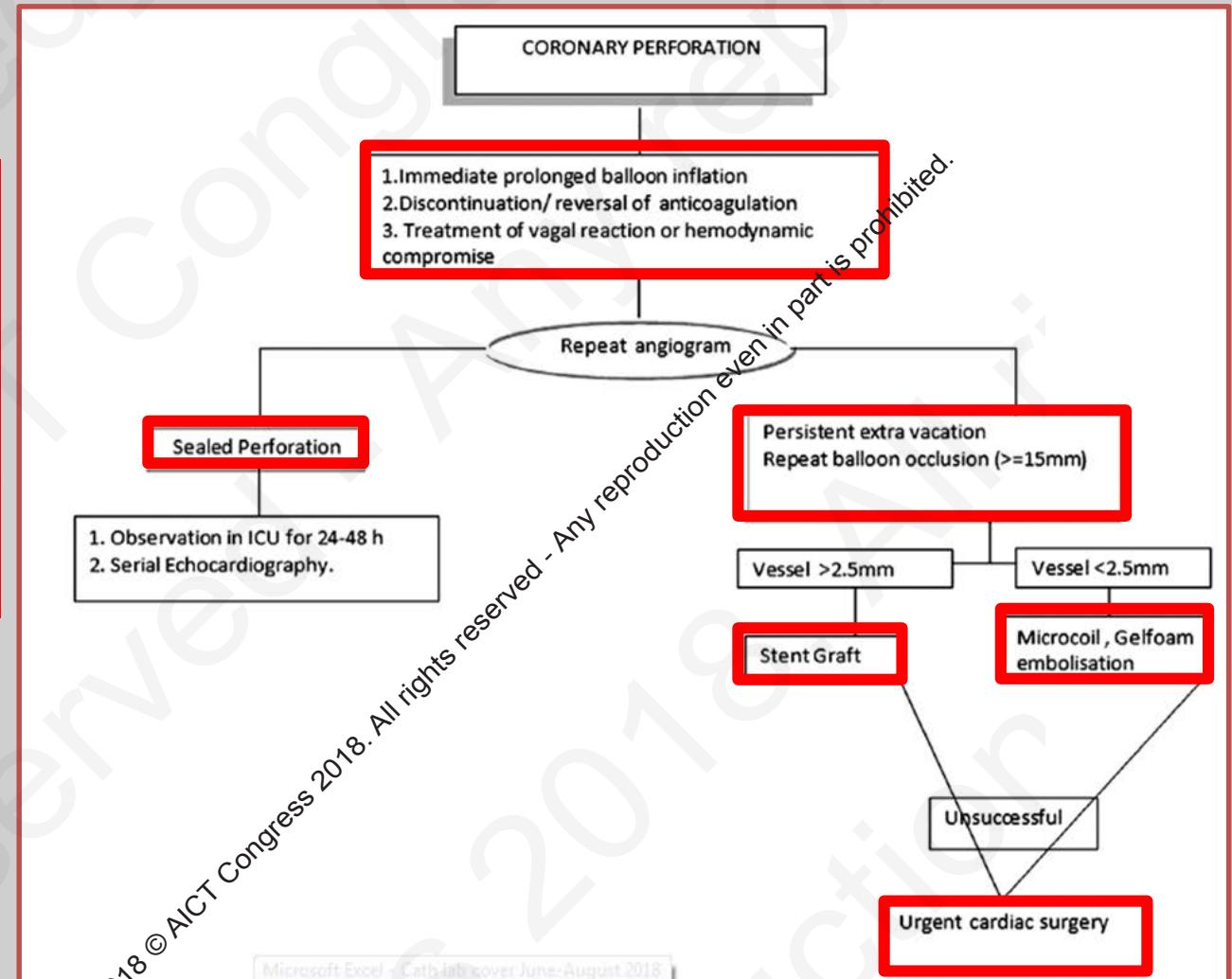
- Female
- Older patients
- Complex coronary anatomy
- Use of oversized balloons or stents ($>1.1\text{-}1.3/1$)
- Excessive postdilatation
- Use of atheroablative devices
- Hydrophilic guidewires

Coronary perforation management

Ellis Classification



- 10 fold increase tamponade and death Type 3 compared to Type 2
- Similar mortality rates Type 1 and 2
- Increasing rate of MI from Type 1-3



Stent Grafts

Graft Material	ePTFE sleeve (89±25µm)	ePTFE film (75±10µm x 2.5 wrapped)	Equine pericardium cylinder (105±5µm)	ePTFE Polymer (????)	E-spun PU (90µm)
Stent Material (Composition)	CoCr (L-605)	Stainless Steel (316L)	Stainless Steel (316L)	Stainless Steel (316L)	Coated L-605
Stent Graft Design	Single Stent Single Cover outside ePTFE sleeve clamped at stent ends	„Sandwich Stent Design“ ePTFE captures in-between to stents	Single Stent Single Cover Pericardium sutured with PP suture onto stent	„Multi Layer Design“ ePTFE captures in-between to stents	Single Stent Single Cover outside
Strut Width	70µm (Ø2.5mm) 80µm (Ø2.75 – 4.0mm) 70µm (Ø4.5 – 5.0mm)	???	???	???	60µm (Ø2.5 – 3.0mm) 80µm (Ø3.5 – 4.0mm) 120µm (Ø4.5 – 5.0mm)
Guide Catheter Compatibility	5F for all sizes	6F (Ø 3.0-4.0 mm) 7F (Ø 4.5-4.8 mm)	6F	6F (Ø ????) 7F (Ø ????)	5F (Ø2.5 – 4.0mm) 6F (Ø4.5 – 5.0mm)
Guide Wire	0.014"	0.014"	0.014"	0.014"	0.014"
Shaft Size	2.7F dist. / 1.9F prox. 3.2F dist. / 1.9F prox. (4.5-5.0mm)	2.7F dist. 2.0F prox.	2.6F dist. 2.3F prox.	2.7F dist. 1.9F prox.	2.6 F dist. / 2.0F prox. 2.8F dist. / 2.0F prox. (4.0-5.0)
Nominal Diameter @	11 atm (Ø2.5 – 5.0mm) 10 atm (Ø4.5 – 5.0mm)	15 atm* *minimum deployment pressure	9 atm	8 atm	8 atm (Ø2.5 – 3.5mm) 7 atm (Ø4.0 – 5.0mm)
Rated Burst Pressure @	16 atm (Ø2.5 – 5.0mm) 14 atm (Ø4.5 – 5.0mm)	16 atm	15 atm	16 atm	16 atm (Ø2.5 – 3.5mm) 14 atm (Ø4.0 – 5.0mm)
Crimped Profile	< 1.30 mm (Ø5.0x24 mm)	1.50 mm (Ø 4.8x26 mm)	1.44 mm (Ø4.0x13mm)	1.63 mm (Ø4.0x19 mm)	1.51 mm (Ø5.0x26 mm)

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Conclusions

- Respect Calcium
- Imaging should be strongly considered for PCI optimization of calcified lesions
- Meticulous attention to device sizing and “blind high pressure technique”
- Be mindful of increased risk of coronary perforations in calcified lesions and have a game plan for bail out



THANK YOU

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14th



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