



### Role of Hemolysis

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### Disclosure

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#### Different Sickle Red Cells Species and Compartments Contribute to SCD Clinical Manifestations



Heterogeneity of Cell Hb Concentration in Sickle cell Disease plays a central role in both acute and chronic sickle cell related manifestations



### Abnormal activation of membrane ion systems promotes red cell dehydration

Deoxygenation

HbS polymerization and sickling



#### Oxidation Induced Over-activation of Syk Contributes to Sickle Red Cell Membrane Instability -> Erythroid Microparticles



RBCs exposed to oxidation or Sickle RBCs Matte A et al Antioxidants 2021; Noomuna P et al. Br J Haematol doi: 10.1111/bjh.16671, 2020; Garnier Y et al Blood <u>10.1182/blood.2020004853</u>, 2020 In SCD, The Release of <u>Erythroid Microparticles</u> Is Increased In SS Patients And Participates To Neutrophil Cell Adhesion





E-MPs increase endothelial ICAM-1 expression



### In SCD, Chronic Hemolysis Promotes Vascular Endothelial Activation

- In SCD, chronic hemolytic anemia: 2/3 extravascular hemolysis and 1/3 intravascular hemolysis;
- î plasma free Hb and free heme is due to the saturation of physiological binding proteins haptoglobin and hemopexin;
- Increased plasmatic pro-oxidant environment promotes vascular endothelial activation.



Vinchi F et al. Circulation 127: 1317, 2013; Vercellotti GM et al Frontiers in Pharm 5:1; 2014; Hebbel RP Am J Hematol 86: 123, 2011



NCT04285827. Recombinant Hemopexin-> phase 1 multicenter open label single dose study in pts with SCD (safety and PK) (CLS Behring)

Vinchi F et al. Circulation 127: 1317-29, 2013

### SCD, Hemolysis And Nitric Oxide

• In sickle cell disease nitric oxide (NO) metabolites can be decreased during vaso-occlusive episodes associated with severe pain or with acute chest syndrome

 Decrease exhaled NO has been reported in sickle cell patients, suggesting a role for NO in the pathogenesis of sickle pulmonary complications

Br. J. Haematol. 91: 834, 1995; Acad. Emerg. Med 3: 1098, 1996; Queshe M et al Blood [ abstract] 90: 2571, 2000

• Nitric oxide (NO) is a potent vasodilator and inhibitor of vascular remodeling.

• In SCD, the NO relative deficiency has a detrimental effect on the multistep cascade events that are involved in leukocyte recruitment, <u>including rapid P-selectin dependent leukocyte rolling and ICAM-1</u>,

VCAM-1 expression.

Am. J. Physiol. 267: G562, 1994; J. Clin. Invest. 101: 2497, 1998; N.Engl. J. Med. 328:399, 1993; Helms CC et al Frontiers Physiol 2018

### In SCD, vascular endothelial cells reacts to hemolysis as pro-inflammatory stress



## Activation of alternative complement pathway (AP) characterizes SCD

- Free heme and heme loaded microparticles might activate complement
- <u>Chronic inflammation and sickle red cells exposing phosphatidylserine</u> (<u>PS</u>) contribute to AP activation:
  - î plasma C5a
  - C3 split-fragments bound to the membrane of sickle red cells

Lombardi E et al Haematologica 104: 919, 2019; El Nemer W et al Haematologica 104: 857, 2019; Merle NS et al JCI Insight 3: 2018; Varelas C et al J Blood Med 12: 177, 2021

#### <u>C5b9 complement deposition on ECs</u> is increased in presence of sera from SCD patients, <u>which is</u> <u>prevented by hemopexin</u>



Roumenina LT et al Am J Hematol 95: 456, 2020

### Microvascular focal granular deposition of C5b9 is present in skin of patients with SCD



Lombardi E et al Haematologica 104: 919, 2019

# The cross-talk between sickle RBC and endothelium involved C3 split fragments Mac1 and P-selectin interactions



Lombardi E et al Haematologica 104: 919, 2019;

### FH, A Regulator of AP, Normalizes the Stop-and-go Motion of Sickle RBCs, <u>Reducing the Transit Time into</u> <u>microcirculation</u>



# Sickle Cell Disease, Hemolysis and von Willebrand Factor (vWF)

- Increased level of vWF and ultra-large vWF multimers was observed in SCD patients.
- ADAMTS13 activity is inhibited by high plasma concentration of free Hb.
- The reduction of ADAMTS13-to-vWF antigen ratio suggests a possible role of hyper-adhesive ultra-large vWF in SCD vasculopathy.



Schnog JJB et al. Am J Hematol 2006; 81: 492-498;
 Zhou Z, et al. Anemia 2011; 1-5; Scully M et al.
 Blood 2017; 130: 2055-2063

### rADAMST13A protects humanized SCD mice against H/R stress Hemolysis



Rossato P et al. Haematologica in press 2022

#### rADAMST13 Reduces The H/R Induced Acute Lung Damage And Modulates Lung Inflammatory Vasculopathy





**Rossato P et al. Haematologica in press 2022** 

#### In SCD Mice, rADAMTS13 Prevents H/R Induced Kidney Injury and Modulates Local Inflammatory Response







NCT 03997760. Phase 1 randomized doubleblind placebo controlled multicenter ascending single dose study rADAMST13 in pts with SCD



Rossato P et al. Haematologica in press 2022; Patwari P et al Blood 3118, 2021

### Hemolysis (free heme) is central in the crossroad with inflammatory vasculopathy in SCD



### Conclusions

- In SCD, chronic hemolysis and free heme/Hb generate a proinflammatory plasma environment
- Endothelium reacts to pro-inflammatory stress, changing into proadhesive phenotype
- Free heme contributes to severe endovascular oxidation-> endothelial damage
- <u>Inflammatory vasculopathy</u> plays a crucial role in the pathogenesis of sickle cell related organ damage.

### Investigators

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